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Alexander M. Haig Jr.

Haig vs. Weinberger: A Sharpening Feud?

Some Ranking Officials Feel Reagan Foreign Policy Is Threatened

By Bernard Gwertzman New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - The continuing differences between Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. and Defense Secretary Caspar W. Weinberger seem so nbvious to some ranking officials that they say the effective management of the Reagan administration's foreign policy is

It has been clear for some time that the disabetween the two were more than the usual State Department-Pentagon rivalries, despite repeated efforts by both men and their.

des to gloss over them publicly. But in recent months, with the administration deeply involved in trying both to maintain a cease-fire in the Middle East and to keep the Western alliance together in the midst of the Polish crisis, these differences appear more

Haig Acknowledges Dispute

Because the White House has made it clear that it does not like to see any public debate among its top aides, Mr. Haig and Mr. Weinberger have been under pressure to play down the conflict. Mr. Haig, who lacks Mr. Weinberger's long-standing personal friendship with the president, has in particular sought to avoid any public clash.

However, when pressed Sunday about public disagreements on how hard to press the Soviet Union, Mr. Haig acknowledged on a television program that the dispute existed.

"I think there are clearly differences," he said, "but what's new about that? Each department comes at these problems from their differing perspectives. That's inevitable, it has always

Mr. Weinberger and Mr. Haig both returned to Washington Saturday night, after separate trips abroad. During the trips, some of these

NEWS ANALYSIS

differences became more pronounced as a result nf their statements and through unattributed re-

marks reported from each man's plane. On the Middle East, the dispute is significant because Mr. Haig and Mr. Wemberger seem to have differing assessments of the importance of Israel to the United States.

The Israelis and their supporters in the Unt-ed States have long said that Mr. Heig is more sympathetic to Israel's interests than Mr. Wein-

sympathetic to Israel's interests than Mr. Weinberger. Prime Minister Menachem Begin of Israel at one point publicly accused Mr. Weinberger of being hostile to his country.

This perception arose because Mr. Weinberger was reported to have urged much stricter sanctions against Israel than were subsequently approved, following Israel's attack in June on an Iraqi nuclear reactor. Furthermore, after each of the policy disputes with Israel, Mr. Haig has seemed to go out of his way to repeat U.S. pledees of support for Israel's security.

pledges of support for Israel's security,
Mr. Weinberger was depicted by Pentagon of-

ficials as having been at least initially opposed to signing the strategic cooperation agreement with Israel that was worked out at Mr. Haig's urging. And even though the accord was suspended after Israel annexed the Golan Heights December, Mr. Haig has been received warmly by Mr. Begin and other top officials during his two recent trips to Israel.

Mr. Weinberger, on his trip to the Middle East last week, went to Saudi Arabia, Oman and Jordan but did not stop in Israel. Moreover, he and his sides were repeatedly quoted in ways

that the Israelis found offensive.
On Saturday, Mr. Weinberger said in Jordan that he favored the sale of arms such as advanced F-16 fighters and mobile anti-aircraft missiles to Jordan. In addition, reporters on his plane said a senior official on his staff had said that the Reagan administration was trying to "redirect" military policy away from Israel and toward the Arabs. On Sunday, Israel publicly

protested those statements.

State Department experts on the Middle East are uneasy about those remarks. They fear that the Israelis — already tense over the scheduled return of the last segment of Sinai to Egypt on April 25 and a reported buildup of Palestinian forces in southern Lebanon — might attack the Palestinians and Syrians if Mr. Begin believes that the administration is trying to work against

Mr. Weinberger's position, which is widely shared by senior military officers, is that the (Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)



Caspar W. Weinberger

Minister Says Attempt to Involve Walesa in Talks Has Been Halted

By Serge Schmemann New York Times Service

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WARSAW - A government minister who has met several times with Lech Walesa indicated Monday that efforts to involve the interned Solidarity leader in talks with the government bave been suspended and that Mr. Walesa will remain in detention as lnng as Poland remains a potential "barrel of gunpowder."

Stanislaw Ciosek, the minister in charge of labor affairs, said in an interview that Mr. Walesa was being "excellently treated" and was in good health at a secret location near Warsaw, where he was occasionally visited by his wife and

Solidarity sources had reported last month that Mr. Walesa was willing to start talks, but only in the presence of legal advisers. Mr. Ciosek said the government had ruled out the possibility of the trade union leader being united with the brains of his experts." "We cannot agree that either the

working class movement or Mr. Walesa should be manipulated," the minister said. It has been the government's repeated contention that Mr. Walesa and Solidarity fell under the sway of "extremists" who manipulated workers as an in-strument of subversion.

Solidarity Plot Cited

· [The government Monday de-nounced "instigators" of a demonstration Saturday in the western industrial city of Poznan, and said that extremists in Solidarity were plotting anti-government terror-ism. The Associated Press reported

[An article by Gen. Norbert Michta in the Communist Party daily Trybuna Ludu auributed the Poznan protest to leaflets distributed by Solidarity. The newspaper also made a rare criticism of the

Roman Catholic Church, saying that priests incited political ten-sion by "recurring provocative pronouncements and political ges-

(Gen. Michta wrote that Solidarity extremists were distributing leaflets "calling for conspiracy and even terrorist and revanchist acts." Police arrested 194 demonstrators in Poznan during the rally, which marked the two months since martial law was imposed Dec. 13.]

Mr. Ciosek also disclosed some aspects of a policy statement on the future of trade unions that the government plans to release later this week. Its purpose, he said, was to stimulate poblic debate on the that would preclude the sort of controlled, bureaucratic unions that preceded Solidarity, and would also prevent the transformanon of unions into the kind of

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 8)

Of Nkomo SALISBURY — Zimbabwe's main daily newspaper urged the government Monday to charge Joshua Nkomo, the junior coali-

Paper Calls

tion government partner, with treason because of arms caches found on property be owns.

The demand, unusually harsh

for a Zimbabwe newspaper, appeared in The Herald, which is controlled by the state-owned Mass Media Trust. The paper also said that any armed revolt that developed after Mr. Kkomo's arrest should be "crushed ruthlessly."

Dismissal Urged

The paper suggested that Mr. Nkomo and the five members of Parliament from his Zimbabwe African Peoples Union in Prime Minister Robert Mugabe's 25-member coalition Cabinet be dismissed and forced to join Ian D. Smith, the white former prime minister, in the opposition back benches.

The newspaper, which often refleets government thinking, accused Mr. Nkomo's party of burying weapons worth millions of dollars on farms in Matabeleland province in southwestern Zim-

The weapons included armored cars, bazookas, rockets, machine guns and morters. Military officers said their were enough weapons to equip a 5,000-man brigade — a force that would be about a 10th the size of the present national

Mr. Nkomo, whose support is drawn mainly from the Matabele tribe, has denied any knowledge of the arms, which were discovered in at least 35 caches this month. He denied charges by Mr. Mugabe

that his party was plotting a coop.

Mr. Mugabe, addressing supporters Saturday, said the government would decide this week no the party's role in the coalition.

Oil Rig Sinks off Newfoundland; For Dismissal 84 Crewmen Missing, Feared Dead

ST. JOHN'S, Newfoundland — One of the world's largest oil rigs, the Ocean Ranger, sank Monday in a North Atlantic storm off the coast of Newfoundland. All 84 workers aboard were missing and feared dead.

Poor visibility caused by rain and snow hampered rescue planes and ships searching for survivors. The rig operator, Mobil Oil Cana-da Ltd., said bodies were spotted in the water where the Ranger was operating, 175 nautical miles (324 kilometers) cast of St. John's.

The ng-workers were ordered to abandon the Ranger when it developed a 15-degree list after a night of winds and snow, Mobil said. About nine hours later, the company issued an official statement saying the rig had gone down. In Lon-don, Lloyd's Shipping Intelligence said that the Ranger had sunk in 260 feet (79 meters) of water and

that there was no word of survi-

sized, were sighted by search air-craft. A partially inflated life raft was also seen, rescue anthorities said. The rig carried three life-A Mobil spokesman said radio

munication was eventually lost with the workers and it was not known how many had abandoned the platform.

There reportedly were survival suits on the rig for all the men aboard. Officials said such a suit could probably have kept its wearer alive for about an hour, but it was not known if the workers had time to put them on.

A spokesman in Halifax for the rescue operation said waves as high as 40 feet made it impossible to retrieve bodies even though tugs in the area could see them floating. A spokesman for the rig owners, Ocean Drilling and Exploration

the 84 people on the rig, 10 Americans and 25 Canadians were employees of the owners, from whom Mobil leased the rig. Mobil's statement said that "air-

Co. of New Orleans, said that, of

sea rescue has been unable to lo-cate the Ocean Ranger but the site has been identified by belicopter through the rig's anchor buoys and wave-rider buoys" — equipment that would have been attached to the rig itself and would pinpoint the drill site. The New Orleans company

spokesman said the Ranger had been drilling off Newfoundland for about a year and a half.

A Mobil spokesman said two other rigs drilling in the vicinity of the Ocean Ranger, the Sedco-706 and Zapata Ugland, were safe, Mobil said there was no possibility of what it described as a blowout of the well the Ranger had been

Salvadoran Prelate Hopes Action On Guards Not Just a Bid for Aid

By Raymond Bonner

New York Times Service SAN SALVADOR — The senior Roman Catholie Church leader here has said that he hoped court action had not been taken against five former National Guardsmen, held in the murder of four American churchwomen, merely to promote further U.S. aid to El Salva-

The military authorities surrendered the five to a civilian court last week, and on Saturday the judge in charge of the case ruled that there was sufficient evidence to hold them on suspicion of "ag-gravated bomicide" in the deaths of three Roman Catholic nuns and a

way," Archbishop Arturo Rivera y Damas of San Salvador said in his Sunday homily. "I hope it is not simply a gesture to please, to gain publicity in order to promote further U.S. economic aid."

The court action against the former soldiers comes as the U.S. Congress is debating whether to continue aid to El Salvador. One condition that Congress has placed on further aid is that there be progress in the investigation of the

slayings. Doubt has also been voiced in El Salvador that the killings could

lay worker in December, 1980. A sixth soldier was freed.

Where there's a will, there's a thorities. Archbishop Rivera y Damas said after Sunday's Mass that it was possible that no senior officials were involved.

Sergeant Giving Orders

"But there is one thing that wor-ries me," he said, "And that is how a sergeant could give orders unless beforehand, at least in a general form, someone has not opened the way for decisions of this nature to

A sergeant is among the five former soldiers being held and, according to President José Napo-(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

Nicaragua Challenges Washington

By Alan Riding
New York Times Service

agua to El Salvador simply be-cause it does not exist," said Sergio Ramirez Mercado, a member of Nicaragua's three-man ruling jum-

that next month's elections could bring peace. "The elections will exacerbate the war and the United States will want to find someone to pay for the broken plates," he said.

Rebel Attack in January After a rebel attack on Jan. 27

destroyed several Salvadoran helicopters and aircraft, the Reagan lministration asserted that infiltration of arms to the Salvadoran left had reached levels comparable in those recorded before the guerrillas' abortive "final offensive" of January, 1981.

Without offering any details, ad-ministration officials also suggest-ed that both Nicaragua and Cuba were continuing to supply weap-ons to the Faribundo Marti Na-

tional Liberation Front, the Salva-doran rebel group. U.S. Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. de-their border. scribed Nicaragua as a "base for the export of subversion and armed intervention throughout Central America."

But Western diplomats in the region have expressed skepticism about U.S. charges that huge arms shipments from Nicaragua to El Salvador have been renewed. "I'd say that the more concerned Washington becomes with the situation in El Salvador, the more it seems

The diplomat said Nicaragua remained an important propaganda base for the Salvadoran left and that high-ranking guerrilla com-manders as well as democratic opposition leaders frequently visit Managua. The diplomats also said some Salvadoran guerrillas receive training here and that others pass through Nicaragua to and from

But while a small amount of arreaching Salvadoran rebels from the situation in El Salvador," a

Western diplomat said. tion about this is for the Nicaragu-

out joint patrol operations" along their border. Mr. Ramirez said that despite

Nicaragua's confrontation with Washington, the Sandinist government remained hopeful that relations would improve. He pointed out that the United States was permitting anti-Sandinista exiles to undergo military training in Florida and was trying to block credits to Nicaragua in the World Bank and the Inter-American Development Rank.

"But we continue to insist that a dialogue with the Reagan administration is possible, that a permanent channel of communication be maintained," be added.

Nicaragua Frees 3

MANAGUA (UPI) — The Sandinista junta freed three of Nicaragua's top business leaders Sunday in an effort to patch up relations with the private sector, a spokesman for the Superior Business Council said.

The three business leaders were sentenced to nine months in jail last fall after they issued a joint communique charging that the government had shown a "definite Marxist-Leninist tendeucy."

The arrests triggered protests from U.S. and other foreign business organizations. U.S. officials cited the arrest as one of the reasons for sour U.S.-Nicaraguan re-

Begin Bids U.S. Drop **Arms Sale** To Jordan

By David K. Shipler

New York Times Service
JERUSALEM — Prime Minister
Menachem Begin, backed by all of Israel's major political parties, appealed publiely to President Reagan Monday to reject Defense Secretary Caspar W. Weinberger's proposal to sell advanced planes and anti-aircraft missiles in Jor-

Speaking in the Knesset, Israel's parliament, Mr. Begin presented statistics on what he called "the mighty, almost unimaginable flow of sophisticated weaponry reaching the Arab states from both the East and the West." The arms buildup, be contended, jeopardizes Israel's qualitative military edge over the Arabs, which President Reagan had pledged to maintain.

The Knesset then approved a resolution, 88 tn 3, with 6 abstentions, expressing "deep concern" over the proposal, which "poses a serious danger to Israel's security. The nnly apponents were members of the Communist Party.

Shimon Peres, leader of the op-position Labor Party, joined Mr. Begin's appeal in Washington, ar-guing that such arms sales "would disrupt the strategic balance that has existed until now, and by which both Israel and Jordan could exist with an further conflict. Between us and Jordan there is nn middle ground of separation, such as the Sinai peninsula, which separates Israel and Egypt."

Creating Tension

Mr. Peres said that the advanced F-16 jet fighters and Hawk mobile missiles "are capable of harming Israeli aircraft even when they are flying in Israel's own airspace. Caspar Weinberger's proposal is li-able to add to the difficulties emanating from the narrowness of Israel's territory, which has already, today, created a great degree of tension between our two countries, and both of us would have to live with an ever-intensifying suspicion, unending fears for the security of both our capitals, of maintaining the border which has been honored until now by both sides."

The suggestion for new arms for Jordan came from Mr. Weinberger during a visit to Amman, following discussions in Saudi Arabia and Oman. A senior official in Mr. Wemberger's party — whom Israe-li officials assumed to be Mr. Wemberger himself — was quoted as telling reporters that the United States would not have its Middle East policy made hostage to Israeli interests and that a new, tougher stance toward Israel was being developed in Washington.

Reminder of Piedge

Officials in Jerusalem were also disturbed by Mr. Weinberger's failure to include Israel in his Mideast itinerary. Mr. Peres chided Mr. Wein-

berger for failing to press Jordan to join the Camp David peace process, which King Hussein has re-jected. "A respected U.S. Cabinet member comes to Jordan and doesn't demand of Jordan - certainly not publicly — support of the Camp David accords," Mr. Peres declared, "Instead, he pro-poses to supply it with more-so-phisticated and lethal Americanmade weapons, arms which will only increase Inrdan's tendency against joining the peace process.

Mr. Begin addressed himself di-rectly to President Reagan: "In September of last year," be said, "you told me, Mr. President, on your own initiative, that you would fulful the commitments of the United States with regard to the security of Israel, namely, the preservation of the "qualitative edge" of Israel's defensive strength vis-a-vis its enemies." Mr. Begin said he had replied to

Mr. Reagan: "There is a certain quantity which creates a new qual-

Halg Reaffirms U.S. Support

NEW YORK (AP) — Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. reaffirmed Sunday the Reagan administration's support for Israel but said that it would not be at the expense of relations with Arab countries. An unidentified official on Mr.

Weinberger's staff had been quot-ed as saying that the Reagan administration was trying to "redirect" Middle East military policy away from Israel.

Mr. Haig, in a television inter-view, said "redirect" was "a very incorrect word," adding: "There's a difference sometimes between what is reported in the press and what is actually said."

"Our policy toward Israel bas not [changed] and I do not con-template that it will change in the. period ahead," he said. "It does nnt mean we do not seek good re-lations with moderate Arab states in the region.'

Mr. Haig said, "There is really only one spokesman for American foreign policy, and it is President Reagan."

4 Reported Held for Carrying Arms In 2 Nigeria Cities Visited by Pope

LAGOS — Police seized an armed man at Lagos National Sta-dium shortly before Pope John Paul II celebrated Mass there Friday and two men and a woman with a loaded pistol were arrested at the airport in Kaduna after a Sunday papal visit there, the News Agency of Nigeria reported Mon-

The agency, quoting police, said the armed man in Lagos was de-tained by security officials as he attempted to force his way through the main entrance to the 100,000seat stadium. It said police found that he was carrying a pistol and six rounds of ammunition.

The three persons were arrested in Kaduna, a mainly Moslem city in northern Nigeria, three hours after the pontiff left the airport there, the agency said, it reported police seized the suspects after a taxi driver noticed a lnaded pistol

in a bag they were carrying.

The arrests were reported as the pope continued his visit to Nigeria Monday, telling an audience at the University of Ibadan, the country's largest, not to lose sight of spiritual values while pursuing economic

Such progress, the pontiff said in his homily at Mass, "is not enough to free man from the many conditions and situations of incompleteness that beset his personality and his life in society.

His message, on the fourth day of his West Africa tour, was deliv-

ciala at more than 100,000 people on a sports field at the university in Ibadan, 95 miles (152 kilometers) north of Lagos.

geria, part of an eight-day tour of Africa, is his first foreign trip since he was shot during an appearance at the Vatican's St. Peter's Square May 13. Gun Charge Made

The News Agency of Nigeria said the suspect in Lagos, a Nigerian whose name was being withheld, has been "unable to give a satisfactory explanation about the

pistol and the ammunition" and

was being held by police.

It identified the three persons detained in Kaduna, 400 miles northeast of the capital, as Emeka Opara, 31, a Lagos pharmacist; Michael Momah, 29, a trader also from Lagos, and Nkese Ebiana. 22 a student nurse at Lagos University Teaching Hospital.

Bush Fires Hit Tasmania

HOBART, Tasmania — Smoke covered two-thirds of Tasmania Monday, as thousands of firefighters bettled widespread bush fires. Authorities believed most of the blazes were set. There were no reports of injuries, although extensive damage and evacuations were reported on the west coast of the island state.

The agency said the three were charged Monday in Kaduna Chief Magistrate's Court with illegal firearms possession. It reported that Mr. Momah acknowledged that The pope's five-day visit to Ni- the pistol was his and that he did not possess the required license for

Mr. Opara, the agency said, denied the charges, saying he had come to Kaduna because of his coming wedding to Miss Ebiana. It did not elaborate. Prosecutor Paul Agho said po-lice made the arrest as the three were walking toward the airport gate, the news agency said, adding

that one of the suspects threw the pistol into the bush, where it was later found by authorities. The agency reported that the three were ordered held for further

proceedings. In his homily in Ibadan the pontiff said: "The cynical exploitation of human misery and ignorance for aims that have nothing to do with human dignity and the cleva-tion of man and society is a great crime against the work of the creator.

At the same time, Nigerian sources sought to explain why a Sunday meeting was canceled in Kaduna between Moslem leaders and the pope. The sources, who asked not to be identified, said sectarian differences had prevented the Moslems from agreeing on how to represent mostly Moslem Nigeria to the pope.

INSIDE

Dutch-U.S. Strains

This year the Dutch are proudly celebrating their 200th consecutive year of friendly diplomatic relations with the United States. There is only one problem: relations at the moment are unt very warm. The strains in the Atlantic alliance are nowhere more evident than in the mutual misunderstanding, occa-sionally verging on animosity, that lies just beneath the surface cordiality. Page 2.

Dollar Soars

up against West German, French and Japanese currencies. Page 7. **Budget Backers** Officials of both U.S. political

parties say the voters they have talked to have not turned

against President Reagan after

his proposal of series of feder-

Renewed pressure on U.S. in

terest rates pushed the dollar

al budget deficits. Page 3. Laker Launch?

Plans by Sir Freddie Laker to launch a new airline in April in partnership with Roland Rowland faded when Britain's Civil Aviation Authority said that applications for licenses would involve "a lengthy pro-

To Prove It Is Arming Salvadorans

MANAGUA - The Nicaraguan government bas accused the Reagan administration of issuing "lies and half-truths" against the 30-month-old revolution and has challenged Washington to prove its charges that Nicaragua is shipping arms to Salvadoran guerrillas.
"The United States has been unable to provide any evidence of a supposed arms traffic from Nicar-

Mr. Ramirez added that Nicaragua favored a polítical solution to the Salvadoran war but doubted

to be striking out against Nicara-gua in frustration," an influential Western diplomat said.

maments were thought to be still Nicaragua, one diplomat said there was no evidence of largescale smuggling. "If you manage to cut off Nicaragua completely, it wouldn't make much difference to

In an interview, Mr. Ramirez said the "best way to end speculaBy R. W. Apple Jr.
New York Times Service

AMSTERDAM — This year the Dutch are proudly celebrating their 200th consecutive year of friendly diplomatic relations with the United States. There is only one problem; relations at the moment are not very warm.

The strains in the Atlantic alliance are nowhere more evident than in the mutual misunderstanding, occasionally verging on animosity, that hes just beneath the surface cordiality of the relation-

Not that the Dutch are about to bull out of NATO or adopt overtly neutralist policies. The government has no such intentions, and opinion polls show that two-thirds of the Dutch back NATO mem-

Differing Viewpoints

"The Dutch and the Americans simply don't see the world in the same way these days," commented a European diplomat stationed here, "and neither one of them shows much sympathy for the other's viewpoint.

Trying to explain Dutch politi-cal emotions, a prominent politi-cian said: "We expect the Russians

DAMASCUS — Syrian Defense Minister Mustafa Tlas told the

Cabinet Monday that the roads to

Hama were open again and that

government operations against Moslem rebels were a "complete

The announcement came as tra-

velers who tried to reach the city

said roads were closed and diplo-

mats reported that students from

the city attending school in

Damascus were being rounded up.
But Syrian travelers, who tried

Sunday to drive to Hama, were

turned back by troops at road-blocks 15 miles (24 kilometers)

ment said the city, the scene of two

weeks of bitter fighting between

government troops and members of the fundamentalist Moslem

Brotherhood, was returning to nor-

mel and that the situation was un-

Officials also warned journalists

not to try to visit Hama. They said

anyone trying to go there or use the road to the city did so at his

The diplomats who reported the

roundup of the Hama students in

Damascus did not know if they

had been detained. There was a

general tightening of security in

Western diplomats said fighting

appeared to have resumed in

Hama after a two-day lull. The tra-

velers reported hearing artillery

fire coming from the city and saw

The rebellion in Hama involved

the bloodiest fighting since Presi-

dent Hafez al-Assad came to pow-

er in a coup 12 years ago. The number of dead and wounded has

The government, however, has

denounced these reports as grossly

exaggerated and has characterized

the clashes as a government "mop-

up" effort to seize weapons held

by the Moslem Brotherhood.

been estimated at 3,000.

military vehicles along the road.

der control.

own risk

the Cap

around the city.

from the city.

At the same time, the govern-

Open, Rebels Crushed

to do things like those they have done in Poland and Afghanistan, and we condemn them. But we don't expect the United States, which we have always respected, to behave in the aggressive way that Mr. Reagan is behaving, so many of us feel hurt and disappointed."

At the heart of the ill feeling is the decision by NATO in 1979 to deploy 48 Cruise missiles on Dutch soil, a decision supported in principle by the Dutch government of the day. That triggered big anti-ouclear demonstrations in the Netherlands, largely organized by the Interchurch Peace Council, which is headed by Mient Jan Faber, a 40-year-old former mathematician. The biggest pro-test drew 300,000 people to down-town Amsterdam last Nov. 22.

As they have in no other West European country, the demonstra-tions here struck home. It helped that the powerful Dutch Reformed Church supported the council's call on the government to renounce nuclear weapons. Mr. Faber says the church "gave us legitimacy and opened a lot of doors for us."

In a country of international traders accustomed to bargaining, where political centralization has

In northern Aleppo, Syria's sec-ond largest city, a general strike declared Saturday in support of the Hama rebels ended when gov-

ernment troops forced shops and

The Moslem Brotherhood has

been involved in anti-Assad pro-

tests over the last several years and

has been blamed for several recent

terrorist attacks. It is opposed to the rule of the Socialist Ba'ath Par-

ty and to the cootrol of the party apparatus by the minority Shitte Alawite sect.

Russians Permit

Protester to Marry

The Associated Press

who went on a 36-day hunger

strike to win permission to marry a Frenchman has reported that they

were married last week.

Soviet Union.

MOSCOW --- A Soviet woman

Iona Lavrova, 43, said Saturday

that she was married Thursday to

Guy Torrant, 54, in Moscow. The couple met in 1976 while Miss

Lavrova's husband was assigned as

a diplomat to Paris. She obtained a

divorce after she returned to the

who has been working in Cam-

croon, an entry visa. She said she

lost 33 pounds and was hospital-

ized Jan. 20. a week before Soviet

anthorities issued Mr. Torrant a

Iran Official in E. Germany

The Associated Press

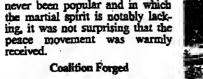
BERLIN — Iranian Deputy Pre-mier Abdullah Jasemi and East German leader Erich Honecker

pledged Monday mutual interest

in improving ties between their countries, the official East German

news agency ADN reported.

businesses to reopen.



Coalition Forged

The general elections of May, 1981, produced, after months of negotiation, a new government headed by the man who had beaded the old one, Andries van Agt, the leader of the Christian Democrats. He is probably the most popular poliocian in the country. but the elections robbed the center-right parties of their majority. so Mr. van Agt had to turn left this time to put together a workable co-

What emerged was a coalition of his own party, the center-left party called Democrats '66, and the leftist Labor Party. Both the Christian Democrats and Democrats '66 had felt the impact of the anti-nuclear demonstrations, and they retreated to a softer position on the missiles. They should not be deployed now, the two parties said, but the threat of deployment should be retained to help disarmament negotiations

In fact, Mr. van Agt had no choice. Labor opposes deployment and at every opportunity reiterates its intention to bring the govern-ment down the minute deployment Syria Says Hama Roads

A decision must come sometime this year, officials here believe, and the current betting is that the Dutch will say "no."

Polish Crisis Has Little Effect

In the view of government offi-cials and ano-nuclear activists, the Polish crisis has not yet diminished Dutch fervor for arms control. Some officials said that it might yet hurt the peace movement, but they are in the minority. The ma-jority still feels that the Netherlands ought to continue to search for a new role for Europe as a kind of crisis manager between the superpowers.

This country supported the NATO declaration on Poland, but officials at the Dutch Foreign Office conceded during recent interviews that, in the words of one, "There is no appetite here for going into economic sanctions against Poland or the Soviet Union

in a bold way."

They said other measures were under consideration to demonstrate the country's distaste for the imposition of martial law in Poland, but they were unable to describe the measures and unable to

say when they might be adopted.

U.S. irritation at Dutch policy is palpable in Washington and in other European capitals. But the U.S. Embassy in The Hague appears to be trying to keep a low In private Dutch officials are

equally displeased by what they see in Washington. Several ex-She began her hunger strike Dec. 21, hoping to persuade Soviet anthonities to give Mr. Tocrant, sed extreme hostility toward President Reagan's television program on Poland, which was seen here. One official said he was "offended by the shameless moralizing about Poland without any consideration for the equally serious misdeeds by American clients in El Salvador."

The same official said he felt Americans were justified in what he called "their exasperation" over the Cruise missile problem and the elements of Dutch neutralism involved in the debate.

No responsible Dutch politician abuses by security forces.

The Checchi team, which did or political commentator has suggested that Mr. Faber or his movement are Communist-influenced.



Salvadoran Land Plan Reported to Progress

By Barbara Crosserre New York Times Service

WASHINGTON --- A report on El Salvador's land redistribution program, requested by a Demo-cratic congressman critical of the Salvadoran junta and paid for by the U.S. Agency for International Development, has concluded that country's agrarian reform was "ir-reversible" and "proceeding rea-sonably well" in its first phase.

The report recommends, however, that the Salvadoran govern-ment hasten the transfer of land ntles, discourage harassment of peasants and back the program with improved financial and social

The study was conducted by an independent firm of economic con-sultants, Checchi and Co. of Washington. Three specialists from the firm spent 10 weeks in El Salvador last fall. Their report was presented to the AID on Nov. 30,

but has not been made public.

Rep. Clarence D. Long, Democrat of Maryland and chairman of the House Appropriations sub-committee on foreign operations, who requested the study, is on a study tour of Central America. He will visit El Salvador this week for a look at the land redistribution program. Rep. Long has advocated cutting off U.S. military aid to the Salvadoran runta.

Another report on the land program, made at about the same time by a rural workers' association, Unión Comunai Salvadoreña, presented a gloomier picture, saying the program was in "imminent danger." Two weeks ago, however, officials of the union said the junta had begun to act on their recommendations, promising to prod a lethargic bureaucracy and curb

not travel in areas of combat, visit-

ed 22 farms in six Salvadoran states. The 150-page report included extensive economic analyses of the institutions supporting and carrying out the land distribution plan. It suggested that there be further economic studies of labor use, farming practices and marketing

facilities. The report also made social and political observations on the current situation in contrast to the landholding system that existed in El Salvador before March, 1980, when the government began put-ting into effect the first of three phases of redistribution. That chase, which turned over estates of 1,235 acres or more to peasant co-operatives, was found by the team

to be largely successful. The team was more critical of the changes being made under what it called the Decree 207 phase, which sought to transfer to tenants properties of any size that are exploited by absentee owners.

The report also made these ob-

servations: · The land plan cannot in itself end rural poverty in a densely populated country with a large popula-tion of landless poor. The govern-ment should seek to control population growth.

cultural while declining in general in El Salvador, increased or held its own on Phase I farms - 12.1 percent of the country's farmland.

 New landowners and cooperatives must have better access to credit for capital investment. The government should find ways to redirect compensation paid to former landowners into agriculture as

· A public relations effort is needed to convince peasants that they do own lands transferred to

· Armed conflict "has reduced the total impact of the agrarian re-

form program. Despite problems, the team said the reform program would be hard to reverse: The tenacity of a man to hold on to his land, once he has acquired possession of it, is not necessarily related to the size of his

U.S. Envoy Says Korean Workers Back Chun Rule

United Press International COLUMBIA, South Carolina -The U.S. ambassador to South Ko-rea, Richard Walker, describing dissidents there as "spoiled brats." says President Chun Doo Hwan's government has improved its stance on human rights and is extremely popular with working-class South Koreans.

Mr. Walker, in an interview published Sunday in the South Carolina State newspaper, said Mr. Chun has led South Korea through a period of unrest to one of stable economie growth since seizing power in a 1980 coup. He also said Mr. Chun has "come a long way" toward eliminating his repressive

Mr. Walker said most criticism of Mr. Chun comes from students, intellectuals or Koreans living in the United States. The workers had no sympathy at all for those spoiled brats," he said, maintaining, for example, that student un-rest after the imposition of martial law had little support among

South Korean workers. He said South Korea's prosperiry would force North Korea either to invade or to recognize the Seoul government as legitimate. Mr. Walker said the improvement in the ecocomy was partially due to increased trade with the United States, Europe and other Asian

Altamira Caves Reopened

SANTANDER, Spain - The Altamira caves in northern Spain, which contain some of the world's oldest prehistorie drawings, reopened for restricted public viewing Monday after being closed for more than four years. A spokesman said 15 visitors per week are being admitted on a trial basis un-til July.

Salvadoran Archbishop

(Continued from Page I) leon Duarte, he ordered the kill-

ings.

The archbishop expressed concern that the struggle in El Salvador "has escaped the control of the Salvadorans." He added, "Foreign countries, in their zeal to dominate the world, supply the arms and the Salvadorans supply the bodies."

Archbishop Rivera y Damas also said that at least 72 persons were killed last week in political vi-

were killed last week in political violence. Church and human rights groups estimate that 30,000 people have been slain in the country's three-year-old civil war.

The archbishop often expressed reservations about how meaningful national elections could be because of the level of the political violence. But last month he and four other bishops issued a statement saying that the elections scheduled for March 28 offer "a possible be-ginning of a solution to the present crisis of the country."

The left, which is oot participating in the elections, has called on Salvadorans to express their oppo-sition by not voting. A senior San Salvador church official said recently that many parishioners had told their priests that "in good conscience we cannot vote."

Fighting in Province SAN SALVADOR (Reuters) -

Government troops have clashed with leftist gnerrillas in San Vicente province and an emergency has been declared, a military communiqué reported Monday. It gave no details of casualties on either side in the fighting about 37 miles (60 kilometers) from the capital. The communique said the rest of the country was calm and military patrols were conducting a mopping-up operation in Usulutan and coastal areas following a guerrilla pullback from the area last

Lawmaker Says U.S. Is Lying DETROIT (UPI) - U.S. Rep. George W. Crockett Jr, a Demo-

week after several days of heavy

crat from Detroit, said Sunday in an article in the Detroit News that videotapes showing three U.S. mil-itary advisers in El Salvador carrying unanthorized weapons "con-firm what I and my fellow plaintiffs have been saying that the State Department does lie" about U.S. involvement in El Salvador. Rep. Crockett and 28 members of Congress have filed suit in fed-

eral court charging that the Reagan administration violated the War Powers Act by sending military personnel to El Salvador.

Reagan Is Silent On Report of Plan To Thwart Cubans

New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - President Reagan has said that he was not going to comment either way on reports that he had anthorized a plan to encourage friendly foreign governments to intervene in Central America to disrupt Cuban aid to Nicaragua and to guerrillas in El Salvador. Instead, the president said he

and his aides were working on a major speech to be made soon to the Organization of American States. That speech would deal with the problems of substantial aid to the Caribbean region and what the administration views as revolutionary leftist threats in Central America

Meanwhile, Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr., appearing Sunday on a television oews program also declined comment on reports of the purported plan that appeared in Sunday's editions of The Washington Post. The plan was said to include the encouragement of political and military operations by foreign governments. Mr. Haig did not deny the exis-

tence of such a plan. Mr. Reagan was asked Sunday about the reported new plan and whether the United States would support guerrilla actions by others against Cuba. "This is something l couldn't comment on either way,"

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

France Discloses Fighter Sale to India

PARIS — India has agreed to buy 40 advanced Mirage-2000 jet fighters from France, in a deal that may be extended to the manufacture of the aircraft in India under license, French defense officials said Monday. They said prolonged negotiations on the sale were completed with the signature on Jan. 24 of a memorandum of understanding. The next move is the drafting and signing of the contract, estimated to be worth \$2.4

billion, an official said. Officials said France and India are to pursue talks on the possible joint construction of a further 40 planes. According to industry sources, the first Mirages will be delivered to India by 1984. All 40 will be in service by about the time as Pakistan - India's neighbor and traditional rival - receives delivery of 40 F-16s from the United States.

New Strikes Threatened in Portugal

LISBON — Portugal faced more work stoppages Monday, three days after the government said it had foiled an attempt to subvert democracy during a one-day general strike on Friday.

Unions representing Lisbon port workers said they would impose a ban on evening overtime work from Monday and would stage a one-day strike on Friday in a dispute over overtime payments. Another series of one-day city transportation strikes were also threatened, unless pay talks

Monday between unions and employers produced an agreement.

Friday's strike calls — though largely observed by dock and transportation workers — were not supported as strongly as the organizing Communist-dominated confederation had expected. The government later amnounced that during the strike it had arrested a small group of armed men and that it had found "concrete plans to subvert democratic institu-

Namibian Coalition Leader Resigns

WINDHOEK. South-West Africa - The president of the ruling Democratic Turnhalle Alliance, Peter Kalangula, resigned Monday and withdrew his Namibia Democratic Party from the alliance. He said in a statement that his party disagrees with the alliance's ethnic composition.

The alliance is composed of 11 ethnically based parties, each representing one of the territory's population groups. The Namibia Democratic Party draws support from the Ovambos, who account for about half the population of the South-African-controlled territory.

Mr. Kalangula said his party believed that if it campaigned as part of the Democratic Turnhalle Alliance it would not be supported in any coming election. Mr. Kalangula's remarks were interpreted as referring to a possible United Nations-supervised election, in which the South-West Africa Peoples Organizacion, a guerrilla group, would be a con-tender. SWAPO also draws much of its support from the Ovambos.

Israel Cancels Druze Family Visits

TEL AVIV - Israeli authorities in the annexed Golan Heights canceled routine family visits between Druzes in the Golan and their Syrian relatives Monday, the second day of a general strike in Druze towns. Sources said 11 Druze students who sought to enter Syria to attend their university were also turned back by Israeli Interior Ministry officials. The Druzes, members of a secretive splinter sect of Islamic, declared the general strike to protest the arrest Friday night of four local leaders, including a former member of the Syrian parliament, who were accused

of inciting resistance to Israeli rule. There have been no incidents during the strike, but Druze shops and schools were closed and only a few Druze laborers showed up for their jobs in Israel. Biweekly family meetings between about 150 Syrian and Golan Druzes ordinarily take place oear the border crossing in the town of Majdal Shams.

The Haig-Weinberger Feud: Officials See a Policy Threat

(Continued from Page 1)

it is a hostage to Israeli policy.
He took the lead in pushing for the sale of AWACS radar surveillance planes to Saudi Arabia last year, and be seems convinced that Israel has not shown itself to be acting as a friend of the United States.

Israel, he appears to believe, should pay a price for its bombing of the Iraqi reactor in June, its bombing raids last July on Beirut that reportedly killed 300 civilians, and its annexation of the Golan

Meeting Before Trips

Mr. Haig said Sunday that he and Mr. Weinberger met on what would be said on foreign policy issues before they both left Wash-

But then he added that he wanted "to set the record very, very clear" on U.S. policy toward Israel. He said that Mr. Reagan's policy had not changed in its support of Israel. When asked if the Weinberger aide had used the wrong word in saying there was an effort to "redirect" policy, Haig said, "It is a very incorrect word if that is how it has been interpreted."

The problem for the management of U.S. policy is that Israel's impression that Mr. Weinberger is bostile to it tends to undercut the effort being made by Mr. Haig to prevent the Israelis from launching a new attack and to keep them interested in working out with Egypt an agreement on Palestinian self-

On European questions, Mr. Weinberger and his chief aides seem to believe that the major allies are too interested in detente and unwilling to share a fair burden of defense and political costs in confronting the Soviet Union. As a result, European diplomats have tended to see Mr. Haig as their friend within the administration, particularly during the Polish

The Pentagon, which tradition-ally opposes any kind of technological transfer to the Soviet Uoion, has seized on the Polish crisis to advance its view that there should be strict controls on trade with Moscow and that renewed pressure should be brought on the llies to scrap their arrangements for a natural gas pipeline from the Soviet Union.

Unity Given Priority

While in Madrid last week for the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, Mr. Haig made it clear that while be opposed European involvement in the pipeline project, he also was against allowing the differences over that deal to upset allied unity

On the overall question of sanctions, reporters on Mr. Haig's plane were told Saturday that the curbs already imposed had been significant in forcing the Polish authorities to seek to moderate their crackdown.

On the matter of possible steps to be taken to face what the administration perceives as a leftist threat in Central America, Mr. enough with the Soviet Union have said he would be more willing Frankfurt.

United States has neglected its per Change the use of force. Mr. Weinberger and his backers, however, have argued that the dispatch of U.S. combat forces

than Mr. Weinberger to counte-

would be rejected by Congress and would cause major problems for the Pentagon io obtaining its appropriations for programs dened to counter the Sovict Un globally.

The debate within the administration on the situation in Central America is apparently reaching its end, with Mr. Reagan due to give a major speech on the matter soon. Mr. Haig said the speech would :: deal with economic, social and se ... curity problems in the area.

Poland Halts Walesa Effort Polls

(Continued from Page 1) "political force" that Mr. Ciosek

said Solidarity became. As described by Mr. Ciosek, the Artist document's emphasis appeared to be on the latter goal. Future unions, he said, would forswear any role as political opposition, and "regional structures" would be forbidden. Mr. Ciosek explained that this referred to the organiza-

sions or crafts. "What unites people in a union should be the character of their work," he said. "The ideas that united Solidarity were political."

Public Discussion

Mr. Ciosek said the proposals would be open to public discussion for several months; he spoke of mobilizing a "silent majority" and of sounding the "authentic will of the working class" toward a con-sensus on the future of unions.

Membership in Solidarity would not be held against participants in the public discussions, he said. Furthermore, the document does not ban the use of strikes, although these would be legally restricted as a "final method" for resolving labor disputes. Determinations would be made by the courts according to laws yet to be drafted, Mr. Ciosek said.

Meanwhile, the discovery of a homemade bomb in Lubin, in western Poland near the Soviet military headquarters at Legnica, was given considerable publicity Monday.

Interest Expected to Be Paid

FRANKFURT (Reuters) -West German bankers were confident that Poland would generally meet its self-imposed deadline Monday for completion of outstanding 1981 interest payments to Western banks, although the full picture will oot become clear until the end of this week, banking sources said.

The Poles were due to repay 1981 interest by the close of busi ness Monday. As of Friday the sum was thought to be about \$100 million. The repayment is a condi-Haig's supporters - who have tion for implementation of the been defensive over charges that \$2.4-billion 1981 commercial debt Mr. Haig has not been tough rescheduling agreement tentatively scheduled to be signed March 4 in

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tion of Solidarity along regional lines rather than within profes-

Party Aides Say Voters Retain Faith in Reagan Despite Huge Deficits

By Robert Lindsey New York Times Service LOS ANGELES - Officials of both political parties say voters they have talked to have not turned against President Reagan after his proposal of an unprecedented series of big federal budget

The officials were interviewed along with local political activists and ordinary citizens, in 18 cities. "I feel very strongly that the

president is moving in the right direction," said Davis Christopher, chairman of the Allegheny County Republican Committee in Pittsburgh. His view was echoed in inviews last week with Republican chairmen in several states. "He's doing what he promised to do — cut taxes, and we've got to give him a chance."

Bob Poor, a Republican district chairman in Greencastle, Ind., said customers in his fertilizer store southwest of Indianapolis were talking more and more about the projected deficits and showing concern. But he said most seemed coovinced that, in time, the president's economic policy "will work because they trust Reagan."
"Just about everybody here thinks Reagan can walk on water,"

Edward Shapleigh, a retired civil servant in Seattle, said: "If the country would just give Reagan a

chance and go along with the cuts be is calling for, and make the fi-nancial sacrifices he is asking from us, then we will make it. We all have to sacrifice, but that's what we elected a man for and we better stand together or we will all go down the tubes."

The interviews were conducted shortly after the president's pro-posed budget of \$757.6 billion became public. The budget projects a fiscal 1983 deficit of \$91.5 billion and additional large deficits for

the next two years.
State and local leaders of both major parties said they bad been surprised at what they considered minimal reaction to the deficits.

For the most part, the Democrats said this was because most rank-and-file voters did not understand how the deficits could keep interest rates high and hamper economic recovery. But they predicted that understanding would grow and help Democratic candidates win the 1982 elections.

Republican leaders asserted that most Americans believed that Mr. Reagan was not responsible for economic problems.
"We've had the situation, with

deficits, for years, and they've be-come a way of life," said Michael Antonovich, a conservative Los Angeles County supervisor. "I doo't see frustration with Mr.

Reagan; I see frustration with-Congress," he added, "There are problems not resolved; you don't become cured after just one meeting of Alcoholics Anonymous."

Howard Jarvis, the Los Angeles businessman who was co-author of Proposition 13, the measure that slashed property taxes in Califor-nia in 1978, agreed: "The deficit is from money spent before Ronald

Reagan became president."

Some local Republican leaders

cooceded that party members had been troubled by the deficits. Some officeholders hinted at an interest in placing a little distance between themselves and Mr. Reagan. "He's got a ticket to 1984," said I aurence Desar the 1984," said Lawrence Pope, the Republican majority leader of the lowa House of Representatives. "Some of the rest of us have to get our tickets restamped in 1982."

But most of the emphasis was oo Mr. Reagan's popularity.

"Maybe people tell me what I want to hear," said Anthony C. Prudenti, the Republican chairman in Suffolk County, N.Y. But "the feeling out here is that the president is in fact going to put

this thing together, and we're going to have to bite the bullet for a while." John McDermott, an executive of the Portland, Maine, Chamber

of Commerce, expressed a view held by many of the people inter-viewed around the nation: "I believe that Reagan's program hasn't had a chance to do anything yet; I'm oot necessarily saying that it is a sure thing, but we should find out anyway. Since none of the solutions that I've heard necessarily are likely to produce a better or more significant shift in the economy in a short time, I guess I'm willing to wait a little bit longer." Some of those interviewed, however, had already run out of pa-

don't think there is knowledgeable member of cither political party who believes we can solve the problems of the economy by having mass tax reductions and fundamental increases in defense spending," said Mayor Phillip L. Isenberg of Sacramento. He called the president's budget proposals

Richard Allison, executive director of the Home Builders Association of Mid-Florida, whose members have generally supported Mr. Reagan, said that home builders were convinced that "we can't live with the \$100-billion deficit; we all know the problems that \$100-billion deficits can bring in the area of mooey policy, monetary supply and interest rates; that nonsense doesn't bold water anymore."

Said David Carlock, the Democratic chairman in Dallas, "Even the conservatives think the military budget is too fat and waste-

John Mack, president of the Los Angeles Urban League, said, "It seems to me the president has totally misread what he perceives to be the public mandate of the voters; they wanted him to cut taxes, oot the throats of the poor and mi-

Lamb, a businesswoman active in organizations that help the handi-capped, called the cutbacks in federal social programs "catastrophic, apocalyptic, devastating" for the

Edwin Granai, the Democratic chairman in Vermont, said, "Social programs are already cut to the bone; the administration is breaking a social contract established 50 years ago."

Contradictions Found In Polls on 'Welfare'

By John Herbers New York Tunes Service

WASHINGTON - "Public welfare" leads the list of services provided by state and local govern-ments that Americans would cut most severely if money was short, but "aid to the needy" would be retained ahead of such things as streets, highways, colleges and

This is a seemingly contradictory finding of public opinion polls sponsored by the Advisory Commission on Intergovernmental Relations, a federal agency.

The commission found that responses changed dramatically when "public welfare" was substituted for "aid to the oeedy" on the uestionnaire. The authors concluded that many Americans be-lieved, as President Reagan has said he does, that there is fraud and abuse in welfare programs, but that the majority were willing to sacrifice other basic services to

help the truly needy.

The surveys, conducted late last year by Opinion Research Corp., also found comparatively little support for turning over to the states programs of "aid to the But there was broad support for turning over welfare be-fore other domestic programs as Mr. Reagan has recommended in his "New Federalism" proposal.

The surveys showed that people now believe they get the most services for the same amount of money from local governments, cities and counties, rather than from the U.S. government and the states. That is a substantial change from a decade ago, when the federal goverument was cited as the most effi-

The commission has been spon-

soring surveys for 10 years to determine public attitudes toward government and taxes, asking essentially the same questions each year. When the most recent survey was conducted last fall, all levels of government were cutting back wel-fare programs with minimal pro-

test from the public. test from the public.

In the past, "aid to the needy"
was listed to encompass all kinds
of welfare programs, and very few
people expressed a desire to cut
that item first. So it was decided to
ask the question both ways, referring to both "public welfare programs" and "aid to the needy."

More than 1,000 men and women over the age of 18 were inter-

en over the age of 18 were inter-viewed cither by phone or in per-son. They were asked, "Suppose the budgets of your state and local governments to be curtailed, which of these rests would you which of these parts would you limit most severely? Of the eight choices given, from 7 to 9 percent cited "aid to the oeedy," a response that was consistent with that of past surveys.

But when the phrase "public welfare programs" was substituted for "aid to the needy" and the other choices left were unchanged. 39 percent picked welfare for cut-ting ahead of parks and recreation at 24 percent, colleges and univer-sities at 10 percent, streets and highways 9 percent, public schools 7 percent and public safety 4 per-

When the choices were left the same as they had been for the previous nine years, the choice for fund cuts was as follows: parks and recreation 45 percent, colleges and universities 24 percent, streets and highways 10 percent, aid to the needy 7 percent, public schools 3 percent and public safety 3 per-

'Lengthy' License Process May Thwart Laker's Plans

LONDON - Sir Freddie Laker's plans to launch a oew airline in April in partnership with Roland Rowland, the Lourho executive, faded Monday when the Civil Aviation Authority said applications for licenses would involve "a lengthy process."

CAA licenses granted to Laker Airways to fly from Britain to North America will be suspended Wednesday following the collapse of the company Feb. 5, with debts of £ 210 million (\$382.2 million) to a consortium of 27 international banks.

Sir Freddie, 59, has said be will apply to the CAA to have the licenses renewed to enable him to operate the planned new airline and he threatened last Friday that he would scrap his plans if the CAA delayed.

But a CAA spokesman said Monday that until Laker's case was studied the CAA did not know whether it could transfer the licenses to the planned new airline or whether Sir Freddie would have to apply for new ones.

The spokesman said that in either case "it would appear that a lengthy process would be required." He said that if other airlines objected — as seems almost certain — the CAA would have to cooduct lengthy public hearings.

The spokesman added: "We are waiting for Sir Freddie to put

his proposals to us. We do not know precisely what the licensing and other legal requirements will be until he makes some formal proposals."

British Caledonian already has said it will apply to the CAA to take over Laker's license to operate between London and Los

Golan Issue Provokes Row Between UN, N.Y.

of Secretary-General Javier Pérez de Cuellar. But Mr. Giuliani said a

get-acquainted lunch between the

scription, such a symbolic gesture

Pravda Assails Koch

icized Mr. Koch Monday for his

criticism of the United Nations

and suggested that be was wooing the "Zionist lobby of New York"

in a campaign for governor.

In a dispatch from its corre-

spoodent in New York entitled, "The Mayor has good too far," Pravda said Mr. Koch's statement

"actually provokes terroristic or-ganizations operating in New York, like the Jewish Defense

League, to step up actions against

diplomats." Several Soviet diplo-

mats have been accosted in New York and a branch of the JDL of-

teu claims responsibility in protest

over the treatment of Jews in the

French Reporter,

On Assignment in

Romania, Is Beaten

The Associated Press

PARIS — French newspaper re-porter Bernard Poulet said Mon-

day he was beaten last week while

trying to interview a dissident la-

Mr. Poulet, in an television interview and in an article for his

newspaper, Le Matin, said he was knocked unconscious, kicked and punched by two men Thursday on

a street in Ploesti, about 48 miles

(60 kilometers) north of Bucharest.

Mr. Poulet said the beating took place at 9 p.m. less than 100 yards

(100 meters) from a militia station

but that no one intervened despite his cries. He said the men stole his

money, tape recorder and notes,

and paramedics, who arrived al-most immediately afterwards, told

him that he had been attacked by

Mr. Poulet said be was attacked

as he walked toward the apartment

of Vasile Paraschiv, 53, a dissident labor leader who quit the Commu-

nist Party in 1969 and lobbied for

free labor unions until disappear-ing from public view two years ago. After treatment at a nearby hospital for cuts and bruises, Mr. Poulet said he returned to Mr.

Paraschiv's apartment but was turned away by police. He said Mr. Paraschiv called

one of his close contacts among French labor officials in Paris on

Jan. 21, asking for help in getting his wife to France for medical

Mauritius Schedules Vote

PORT LOUIS, Mauritius - Au-

thorities have set June 11 as the

date for a general election, the sec-

ond since Mauritius gained inde-pendence from Britain in 1968. In

the 1976 general election, the left-ist Mauritius Militant Movement

emerged as the biggest party, but the government is run by a coali-

tion dominated by the Labor Par-

but not his watch or coat. Police

bor leader in Romania.

Soviet Union

MOSCOW (UPI) - Pravda crit-

would be a healthy thing.

By Michael J. Berlin

Washington Post Service UNITED NATIONS, N.Y. - A tongue-in-cheek suggestion by Is-rael's chief representative at the United Nations erupted into a war words between the United Nations and Mayor Edward 1. Koch of New York last week over the status of a local landmark and the presence of the organization in the

The controversy was started by a throwaway line from the Israeli delegate, Yehuda Blum, just before the General Assembly voted 86 to 21 for a resolution urging isolation of Israel and laying the ground-work for its expulsion from the United Nations

He suggested that because of UN "degeneration and perversion," the quotation from the Jewish prophet Isaiah - "They shall beat their swords into plowshares - should be eradicated from a city-owned mooument across from UN headquarters.

Mr. Koch, who has won popularity in New York's large and pro-Israeli Jewish community for his criticism of the United Nations, picked up on the proposal, Rather than expunge the quotation chiseled into the granite mooument, commonly called the Isaiah Wall, the mayor suggested adding a "statement which would reflect all indignation and outrage at the hy-

pocrisy of the UN."

And an editorial in The New In Birmingham, Ala., Susan York Times entitled "Isaiah Amended," offered a few sugges-

> Why not add Isaish's phrase preceding the plowshares line:
> "And He shall judge among the nations, and shall rebuke many people." The Times asked, or, "How is the faithful city become an harlot! it was full of judgment; righteousness lodged in it; bot now murderers." But The Times cantioned that readers of the last one might think it referred to "murderers not in yonder house of nations but on the streets of Koch's own

A junior UN official, Hans Janitschek, an Austrian journalist hired some time ago to promote the UN image, leaped into the fray. He told a local televisioo reporter: "If the mayor of New York and if the people of New York want us out of New York, f think the UN would have to think about it very seriously."

Mr. Koch shot back that the "decision as to wbether they leave or not is theirs; if the UN would leave New York, nobody would ever hear of it again."

A UN spokesman, Francçois Giuliani said the United Nations was not considering leaving the city and that Mr. Janitschek's statement did not reflect the views

U.S. Nuclear Unit **Denies Cover-Up**

SACRAMENTO - The U.S. Defense Nuclear Agency has de-nied the allegations of a former Army medic who said he helped to cover up reports of high-level radiation contamination of servicemen at 1950s atomic tests. The agency said the allegations are without basis in fact."

The former medic, Van R. Bran-don, said last week that he was or-dered in 1956 and 1957 to keep two sets of records - one false, the other accurate - of radiation exposure to soldiers during four

In denying the allegations Fri-day in Washington, the agency said that "Mr. Brandon was never assigned, either permanently or temporarily, to the Nevada Test Site" and that "Mr. Brandon was not assigned duties which required him to maintain radiation exposure records as part of the atmospheric nuclear testing program."

On Farm Price Increases for EEC

BRUSSELS — France and Britain clashed Monday at the start of what promised to be a lengthy and bitter fight over 1982 price increases for the European Economic Community's eight million farm-

Agriculture Minister Edith Cresson of France said at a meeting of EEC farm ministers that the Paris government would insist on dou-ble-digit price increases this year to compensate farmers for a steep drop in income. Mrs. Cresson, the target of rowdy protests from French farmers in recent weeks, warned, "There will be no peace in the agriculture sector until we get what we want."

Diplomane sources said Mrs. Cresson was calling for an increase in line with French inflation, about 14 percent a year.

But Britain's Peter Walker said that even the 9-percent increase suggested by the EEC Commission was too much. Britain, which blames spending on surplus food production for its large contribu-tions to the EEC budget, would also insist on making farmers pay more toward the cost of selling excess output, he said. Britain has so far failed to win

cash rebates on its payments to the EEC and has threatened to block any price rise unless the dispute is

But Mr. Walker's call for lower

mayor and the new secretary-gen-eral would be postponed indefi-nitely because of a scheduling con-Libya Reports Chadians Hold Pro-Qadhafi Rally UN diplomats, however, dis-played irritation at Mr. Koch. Clovis Maksoud, the UN repre-

United Press Inter-BEIRUT — Chadians chanting "Libya, Libya" demonstrated in favor of Col. Moamer Qadhafi in sentative of the Arab League, said the mayor's plan to change the in-scription for his own political purposes" was "petty harassment." He said that "increasing harass-Ndjamena, the Libyan news agen-cy said in a dispatch from the Cha-dian capital. It said the demonstra-tors "denounced the presence of ment may lead many of us to think the African peacekeeping forces.

about a change of venue."

The U.S. deputy representative, Kenneth L. Adelman, said of the controversy: "It's fun and he's a fun mayor. If they change the in-The report Sunday coincided with speculation in the Organization of African Unity that Libya would again send troops to Chad once the OAU peacekeeping force is pulled out in Jone because of the would prompt a larger discussion of the costs and the benefits of the high cost of maintaining the force. Col. Qadhafi becomes head of the UN to the U.S. itself, and that OAU in June,

wine, oilseed, and tobacco producers found little support, diplomats

France and Britain Differ Sharply

Ministers from Italy, Ireland, and Greece, all of which have large rural populations, demanded increases closer to the 16 percent that farmers say is necessary to re-store their standard of living, the

sources said. Italy and Greece also wanted special treatment for Mediterranean farmers, the least protected by the EEC's system of guaranteed

prices, and compensation for their above-average inflation rates. Ireland's Alan Dukes, facing a eneral election later this week. also called for a special package of measures to help poor frish farm-

Florida Beach Closed United Press International

MIAMI -- A group of about 300 sharks migrating through the wa-ters near Key Biscayne prompted officials to close the beach there on



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Page 4 Tuesday, February 16, 1982 *

That Other Arms Race

The Reagan administration's first year produced few successes as great as the recordbreaking sales of arms abroad. It has lined up sales of \$25 to \$30 billion for fiscal 1982, more than twice the volume in 1981. That is a deliberate, drastic and dangerous reversal of Jimmy Carter's fitful restraints. "We will deal with the world as it is, rather than as we would like it to be," Reagan ordered.

Thus were rescinded the orders to refrain from pushing arms sales, and the ceiling on total annual sales and restrictions on sophisticated weapons and co-production of weapons abroad. A prior concern about sales to unstable countries, human rights violators and potential nuclear proliferators gave way to "realistic" assessments of U.S. "interests."

But it is far from clear that U.S. interests are served, even if one overlooks the repugnant image of America as a merchant of death. There is, to be sure, a growing traffic in Soviet arms, but Moscow's quest for influence is not always best countered in kind.

· Not all arms sales are bad; as in Europe or Israel, they can stiffen allies at a critical time. But an impressive study for the Council on Foreign Relations by Andrew Pierre points out that most of the world's arms traffic is now directed at unstable regions. Four countries are the main suppliers: the United

States, the Soviet Union, France and Britain. A major motive is to reduce weapons costs

and to reap commercial profits. But Washington and Moscow seek above all to extend their influence. Pierre shows, however, that such influence is often transitory, as Americans learned in Iran and the Soviets in Indonesia, Egypt and Sudan.

Most American arms go to developing countries that feel threatened by the Soviet Union or by other Communists. Their vulnerability is usually economic or political, yet the United States keeps pushing arms and reducing economic aid.

At \$7 billion a year, development aid is about one-fourth the value of the projected arms transfers. As a proportion of America's gross national product, economic aid is half what it was two decades ago and less than that of 12 of the other 16 democracies.

Limiting arms sales to the third world by agreement with the Soviet Union is not now feasible. But even in the best of times, that puts the cart before the horse. As Pierre suggests, what should come first is an effort to devise a "code of conduct" for the main Western suppliers. Their competition, for about 60 percent of the arms trade, impedes the standardizing of NATO weapons and adds to the tensions in the alliance. A restraining agreement would be beneficial in its own right and could one day become a basis for further restraints with the Soviet bloc.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

U.S.-Saudi Collaboration

The spectacle of an insistent Uncle Sam thrusting new forms of military association upon a reluctant Saudi royal family continues to hang over relations between the United States and the leading oil power of the Gulf. In the latest instance, Defense Secretary Caspar Weinberger, acting very much the secretary of state, stayed up until 4:30 in the morning negotiating with his Saudi counterpart and then read reporters parts of a draft paper while Prince Sultan, the defense minister, sat silently by.

A "joint committee for military projects" is to be set up. Its functions are vague; words like "formalize" and "upgrade" are used to describe them. Its very formation is believed on the U.S. side to be significant. On the Saudi side? The new panel, said Prince Sultan, is "not based on cooperation in the field of military endeavor." Oh?

Mr. Weinberger was formerly a top executive of a corporation that has negotiated contracts worth billions of dollars with the Saudis. You could argue that he is as well equipped as any American to negotiate military-political "contracts" with them. There is, however, a striking discontinuity between proach to such arrangements and the blurred now-you-see-it-now-you-don't approach of

the Saudi princes. It is clear enough what the Pentagon's part of the U.S. relationship with Saudi Arabia is aimed at: to enable the United States in an emergency to have use of the Saudi facilities necessary to ensure that Saudi oil keeps flowing out to the West. But it is equally clear that the Saudis are extremely hesitant to accept the sort of relationship that would allow the United States to perform the mission it has in mind.

The AWACS sale was described at the time by some of its advocates as an essential block to put in place in order to build the requisite Saudi confidence in American good will and constancy. On the Weinberger trip, Saudi officials and military officers told American journalists that the sale of AWACS planes and F-15s contributed little to a political alliance between the two nations. "You are just arms salesmen," a gener-

al was quoted as saying, "and we pay cash."
This is characteristic of one whole set of Saudi attitudes — the prickly independent set that Saudis tend to assert in counterpoint to the other set indicating satisfaction with their U.S. tie. It is not a reason to give up on the Saudis, who, living where and the way reason to stop expecting too much of them.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

Reagan's Economic Report

The central theme of this year's Economic Report is the importance of public perceptions. The report, produced annually by the president's Council of Economie Advisers, with a preface by the boss, is an administration's opportunity to defend at length its strategies for money, jobs and standards of living. Past attempts to restrain inflation failed, the report argues, because people be-lieved they would fail. Many "recent problems" — the exceedingly high interest rates last year, and the consequent recession - are the result of a widespread belief that inflation will continue. The sooner people come to believe that Mr. Reagan will persist in his program, the report continues, the more rapidly and painlessly it will succeed.

There is a good deal to that. Policy is more likely to work when people expect it to. That is why it is particularly unfortunate that the administration perpetuates the fundamental inconsistencies in its economic program.

That point has been noted by the economist William J. Fellner of the American Enterprise Institute, in regard to the budget. Mr. Fellner, who served on the Council of Economic Advisers under Presidents Nixon and Ford, pointed out that the collisions built into the Reagan program continue to leave the markets uncertain which way the

administration is going to move. That uncertainty, currently expressed in high interest rates and declining investment, further

depresses the performance of the economy. The forecasts of dropping inflation are at war with the forecast of rapid growth; the forecast of rapid growth is at war with the severe restraint on the money supply, and the looming federal deficits are at war with the cheery forecasts of easier credit.

The Economie Report is the third of the annual messages of state that provide the president an occasion to reconsider and restate his purposes. In the State of the Union address, Mr. Reagan got off into a scheme for federal reorganization that is irrelevant to the immediate economic questions. Then came the budget, with its further assaults on social equity and its deficits reaching out through the years. Now comes the Economic Report, in which Mr. Reagan restates familiar positions and his advisers dwell on the world's reluctance to believe the unbelievable. The White House has lost a great opportunity to review an eventful year's experience and undertake the necessary changes of course. To judge from the reaction at the Capitol, it may have lost more. It may have lost control of economic policy as well.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

Other Opinion

A Chill Wind at the Kremlin

Suslov's death is a reminder to the other aged Kremlin chiefs that the end of their mortal span is approaching and that it is high time they put their house in order. The invasion of Afghanistan, the crushing of the Polish workers, the need to give constant support to Marxist ideology all over the world and the numbing cost of playing superpower have combined with years of economic

mismanagement marked by repeated halfhearted and therefore ineffective reforms to produce a critical situation. This year the Soviets have not even dared to publish figures for the last harvest. Gold reserves are being sacrificed at almost any price to obtain hard currency for imports, and a similar policy is being pursued with oil, supplies of which to the Comecon partners have had to be cut. A chill wind is blowing about the Kremlin.

- From the Neue Zurcher Zeitung (Zurich).

Feb. 16: From Our Pages of 75 and 50 Years Ago

1907: The Colonies and Costs

LONDON - In a suggestion in the House of Commons that at the coming Colonial Conference the question of fuller participation in the cost of military services should be raised, Mr. Balfour contended that it would be better to rely on voluntary enthusiasm than on rigid organization. The Standard comments in an editorial on the subject: "It is clearly impossible to claim that the colonies should make further sacrifices for the defense of the Empire so long as their representatives have no share in determining how their contributions should be expended. It is of the first importance that the colonies should be left free, so far as possible, from the burden of military expenditure."

1932: Von Hindenburg to Run

BERLIN - President von Hindenburg has cleared the political atmosphere by announcing his candidacy for re-election. Although officially the 84-year-old field marshal will run as a nonpartisan candidate, be will in fact represent the cause of the Weimar constitution, which instituted the German Republic and democratic government against the extremists of Left and Right. It is an extraordinary paradox, even in the present topsy-turvy world, that the protagonist of the German Republican constitution should be the commander-in-chief of the German armies in the World War, who was elected president seven years ago as the standard-bearer of the monarchists and the adherents of the old regime.

When Democracy Isn't Pursued as a Strategic Interest

SAN SALVADOR — One thing that can be said for the Salvadoran governing junta in the realm of human rights is that it is, by and large, conducting business as usual. Why are some segments of society in the United States so upset at the violence employed by the armed forces? As José Napoleón Duarte put

it to the Los Angeles Times in an interview nearly two years ago, before he became president: They [the military] have been told for 50 years to kill Communists; and anyone who disagrees with the government is a Communist. So that is all they know
to kill." This is a result of half a century of blind anti-Communism as fostered by the State De-

partment in Washington, which must shoulder part of the blame. The deformed capitalism that has prevailed in the region is the sort of system that has condemned generations of poor people to short, brutish lives, and no one should be surprised that any-

should seem attractive. Of course, the system of government that would emerge from a guerrilla victory would be dictatorial. The insurgents have relied on terrorism, and this has molded the hard-line political character of the movement. Government buildings, banks and other business sites have been

thing posing as its polar opposite with the government.



'Our Policy Is to Shoot First and Ask Questions Later. Are You Folks Commies?'

By Juan Vasquez

bombed to bits. Buses have been incinerated - more than one dozen in the capital alone in a single week recently.

The object is to create chaos and undermine the government's credibility. More ominously, the left has also engaged in a cam-paign of selective assassination against government leaders, sol-diers and those who cooperate

This contrasts sharply with the revolutionary Sandinista movement in Nicaragua, where terror-ism was rarely used and the resulting government has not re-sorted to executions. It would al-

story in El Salvador, where hatreds run deeper and violence is part of the cultural tradition. No one who had opposed the guerrillas or who could be thought of as having collaborat-ed with the military regimes could feel safe with the insurgents in power. Anyone who has heard the popular leftist chant, "El color de la sangre nunca se

olvida" (The color of blood is never forgotten), knows that Salvadorans have long memories.
In decades of exercising influence in the area, the United States has never seemed deeply discontented with dictators, pro-vided they were "stable" and willing to follow its lead. In the famous phrase attributed to President Franklin D. Roosevelt, as-

sessing a member of the Somoza clan in Nicaragua: He may be an SOB, but he is our SOB. The Somozas were the most feared and famous bully boys of the region. Is it really a surprise that their regime used bully-boy tactics to enforce its power? What other kind of system was supposed to arise — a parliamentary democracy in a country that had never had the experience of feet electrons or once debate? free elections or open debate?

President Anastasio Somoza was seen as the protector of U.S. interests in the region. Just as his disappearance boded ill for those interests, as perceived in Washington, so would a guerrilla tri-umph in El Salvador.

Victory would give heart to the guerrillas in neighboring Guatemala, where a state of civil war has existed on and off at least nas existen on and off at least since 1954, when the CIA engi-neered a coup d'etat that toppled a leftist government. A guerrilla triumph in Guatemala would bring the revolution to the doorstep of Mexico and its rich oil fields and, inevitably, give Cuba

much greater influence in this vi-tal part of the world. And the spread of Marxist governments would force Washington to bolster permanent military and naval forces in the area to defend the Panama Canal and

protect countries such as Costa

Rica and Honduras from subversion and outside interference. One can only conclude that the United States was so obsessed with defending its "strategic interests" - the Panama Canal, the Mexican oil fields - that it neglected to teach the lessons of democracy. The argument that American security rests ultimate-ly on the spread of democratic political systems is the sort of no-tion to which American policymakers give frequent lip service, but somehow one doubts that they really believe it. Certainly

the evidence is that they do not. So it appears, then, that the United States is in El Salvador not because it abhors violent minorities or because those it supports are demonstrably less evil than those it does not support. The United States is in El Salvador because the junta — the product of decades of U.S. influence in this area — is deemed to be better than a Communist gov-

ernment would be.
In the end, U.S. policy in Latin
America has changed little in the
past half-century. The junta in El
Salvador may be SOBs, but they
are "our" SOBs.

This is the second of two articles by the Los Angeles Times' correspondent in El Salvador. The first "Just Why Is the United States in El Salvador?") appeared in IHT editions dated Feb. 15.

Haiti: The Bottom of the Barrel Is Stable but Flammable

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Haiti — An "inter-diction" agreement last October be-tween the Haitian and the American govern-By Flora Lewis Haiti is the poorest and most densely

ments, plus internment of illegal immigrants in Miami, has served the immediate aim of blocking the flow of refugees. The U.S. Coast Guard entier assigned to intercept boats that slip past the newly vigilant Haitian patrols has found only two loads of migrants to turn back on the high seas, one

after it stopped in Cuba.

The procedure, as explained by U.S. officials, rivals Graham Greene for farce. People are asked where they came from and why they want to go to the United States. If they say they are looking for work or a better life, they are sent back, registered with the International Red Cross, given \$20 to get home, and told to complain to the U.S. Embassy in Port-au-Prince if anybody persecutes them for having tried to leave. If they can convince the Coast Guard that they are fleeing for political reasons, it has to take them to the United States, but so far

nobody has managed that.

So, "deterrence" is considered successful. The traffickers in human distress have lost their business, and so far as is known no more leaky boatloads of Haitians have drowned at sea. Not all bad.

But here at the wide end of the funnel, nobody imagines that this is more than a stopgap. Even so, it has provoked new resentments and helped to accelerate the moment of crisis, which is building.

populated country in the hemisphere, and this is the major reason for the massive attempt to escape. The birth rate is huge. The land is eroding. Life for most people has become worse in the last two generations.

About a million of the estimated 6 million

population has crowded into the capital, where there is little work. Once-forested hills have been denuded so that air travelers can see the border with the neighboring Dominican Republic, which now has nearly three times Haiti's per capita income and which

gets more aid per person.

Haiti lost 10 years of aid, from 1963 to 1973, when donors shunned the herce regime of "Papa Doc" François Duvalier. The

country slipped backward, and it has not begin catching up to this day.

One handicap is the historic irony that, being the hemisphere's second country to achieve independence after a bloody slave revolt in 1804 when whites were massacred, Haiti experienced no colonial development. No administrative structures were left, no traditions of public service. There is intense pride of nationbood, but little notion that overnment exists to do anything but enrich the governors, which it does.

Perhaps the most important change brewing is a French-Haitian effort to develop a method to teach reading and writing in Creole to some 90 percent who are illiterate. No

great improvement can be expected before it has wide effects. That could take genera-tions. Meanwhile, it is a touchy political issue, already seen as a challenge to domi-

nance of the French-speaking elite.

The combination of corruption and ignorance has wasted what aid has been provided, to the point where donors wonder whether there is any use pouring in more. Most Haitians have given up hope for improvement short of escape,

The recent comic opera invasion attempt scarcely ruffled the country. Haiti is as stable as the bottom of the barrel — but there is under for a terrible explosion if sparks of fury ever catch fire.

The central question then is intervention. The International Monetary Fund, with support from the United States, Canada, France, West Germany and other donors, has already intervened in a sense, demanding an accountable budget. Some promises have been made, but hearty skepticism is in order. The crunch could come this year if the government is unwilling and unable to shape up before funds for basic import needs, especially wheat and fuel, run out. But what then? The likelihood is more an Idi Amin type disaster than a goad to real reform, and management skills don't exist

here to apply reform effectively. There has been a suggestion to revive old ways of distributing aid directly — more vithout shame or shock.

through missionaries, for example. But that is slow, distastefully paternalistic; and it

does not build an economic base.

It is no longer just a humanitarian problem. The fact is there is no way to avoid intervention, despite the curse of the word, because giving or not giving help, keeping things going as they are or leaving them to fester and erupt, admitting or excluding mi-grants are all ways of intervening. Last year the United States and Florida spent three times more to look after Haitian migrants than the total of United States aid to Haiti. The mere existence of the United States

nearby is a form of intervention.

Haitian critics of "Baby Doc" Jean-Claude Duvalier, the 31-year-old presidentfor-life, whisper that imposing economic controls alone might make aid go further but would not change things. There has to be some hope for dynamic leadership, something to provoke enthusiasm among the apathetic populace, they say. This is not revolutionary talk yet, but it is the emotional fore-runner. One urged that "Baby Doc" be required to promise elections in five or 10

years, on pain of losing U.S. support. There are no clearly promising ways out of Haiti's trap, no current alternatives. But it is obvious here as elsewhere that development will not work without mobilizing energies and building political structures. The task is to find mutually fruitful ways to in-

01982, The New York Times.

Lere

7400 (

By Brandt Avers

the other capital of indifference to foreign opinion, is a disconcerting experience. It is like hearing one's voice on tape for the first time.

"Do I really sound like that?" America has a habit of thinking out loud and talking to itself as if the Atlantic and Pacific oceans soundproofed the continent

U.S. diplomats in and out of uniform stationed in Europe are having the devil's own time convincing parliamentary majorities that the Russian SS-20s pointed at their capitals must be answered by modern theater nuclear forces. They are having a tough time not because Europeans are anti-American or pacifist in large numbers, but because America's voice is so loudly and consistently belligerent, as it sounds to Europeans.
Frankly, America is scaring the

hell out of Europe. Either the Reagan administration or someone from the loyal opposition needs to develop a new definition of national strength and the strength of the Western alliance, and, thus, a bet-ter language to describe U.S. goals. While conceding that ignorance of the issues and of the American

political system partially explains the rising appeal of neutralism. The Sunday Times of London said in a recent leader that the main emotion holding the movement together was fear.

Rhetoric

The editorial saw two elements: "One is a generalized fear that superpowers have fallen apart and lost control of events. The other is a specific fear that President Reagan's administration is determined to challenge the Soviet Union to an arms race which cannot but raise tension and increase the

danger of war."

After a month of talks with Dutch, West German and other political and opinion leaders, and having had access to some of the data that affects the thinking of American officials on the Continent. I am prepared to agree with The Sunday Times. One of the forces inflating European neutral-ism is official American rhetoric.

For a good many years now. American presidents and Cabinet secretaries have looked out from the front page of the European press and talked mainly about plans for defense, for war. Talk of war sounds different to Helmut Schmidt's countrymen whose

PARIS — Listening to the voice bouses are no further from the of the United States in Paris, Russian Army than my house back home is from the Georgia state line. It is somehow different to hear yet another American official extolling the virtues of Cruise missiles or neutron bombs on a car radio in Vienna, where the highway signs to Budapest are as commonplace as those to Newark are for

Manhattan cab drivers. America talks so much about weapons and its plans to use them that many Europeans are getting the idea that is all Americans have on their mind. Only twice in this half of the 20th century have American leaders filled the European media and the European mind with a plan for peace.

Inner Fiber

"Désente" was not so much a plan as a word for a temporary po-litical mood, but the Marshall Plan was the genuine article. Its Midas touch is still evident in the material superabundance of Europe to-day, but the psychological essence of the plan has dissipated. That tough, inner fiber of the Marshall Plan, that plain idea about national and Western interests and strength, needs to be recaptured and restated in the official words and programs being crafted in

Washington today.
The hierarchy of strengths inherent in the Marshall Plan was, first, a healthy economy, next a strong sense of purpose and morale, and finally the military hardware. The plan's rationale was: It takes a growing economy to afford tanks, and only soldiers who know the values they are lighting to preserve will have the morale to march into the flames of hell.

A speech setting forth economie revitalization as the first priority of the Western alliance, in language that reasserted the historic wisdom of Western political ideas and the compassionate values of Western religious beliefs, would create much discussion in Europe if given

by any leading political figure. If President Reagan gave that speech, it would have enormous impact. It would be a signal to shore up strength for the long haul
the strength of economies and
ideas and values. It would create the kind of reasonable, psychological climate in which a realistie debate on theater nuclear forces could take place.

The writer is editor and publisher of the Anniston (Ala.) Star.

On the American Voice In Trade, 'Reciprocity' Can Mean As Europeans Hear It Reversion to an Old Bilateralism

WASHINGTON — The cur-V rent Washington catchword in foreign trade is "reciprocity." In land and with the OPEC members. its current and novel use, recipro-city seems to say that the United States will decide whether Ameri-These surplus-deficit trade posi-tions follow in large part from structural differences in national can goods are receiving treatment abroad equal to the treatment it gives to foreign goods. If not, then it will equalize matters by new re-

strictions on imports. Alas, things are not so simple. Legislation to enforce a one-sided American view of reciprocity can open the door to some very un-pleasant events. For the administration to encourage Congress along this line would be a reckless opening to protectionism. Some of the steam behind the

drive for reciprocity comes from the notion that the merchandise trade account should balance. Last year the U.S. trade deficit was about \$28 billion; the deficit with Japan alone will probably will turn out to have been about \$16 billion.

Before reading too much into these numbers, it is well to look closely at international transac-tions. When all is counted — trade in goods and services, returns on past foreign investments — America will show a surplus of as much as \$12 billion. So in 1981 Americans did not pay out more to foreigners than they received. The current international accounts were "favorable" in a year when an overvalued dollar burdened all

aspects of foreign commerce. When we focus narrowly on bilateral merchandise trade we see a large imbalance with Japan, but also a U.S. surplus of some \$11 billion with the EEC. Should the EEC argue that it is getting nonreciprocal treatment?

The EEC registered a \$12-billion surplus with Austria and Switzer-

By Philip H. Trezise land. Japan has a chronic trade deficit with Australia-New Zea-

economies. Even in pure free trade, bilateral imbalances would exist. They are a poor excuse for scapegoating trading partners. The international trading system gave bilateral balancing an extended trial in the 1930s. Through quotas, exchange controls and outright barter, Hitler's Germany and other countries, large and small, tried to avoid deficits with anyone. That

disastrous experience was the background for the post-World War II return to the multilateral idea, embodied in the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade.

It would be the saddest of ironies if the United States, the leader in the postwar move to free up trade from its prewar shackles, were now to lead the trading world back to bilateralism.

All Sinners

Reciprocity pursued in a narrower context, by product or by in-dustrial sector, could mean a slower march back to the 1930s. Trade occurs because competitive conditions differ from country to country. To seek balance product by product or sector by sector would be no more rational than to

seek it country by country. But, it may be replied, reciproci-ty need only mean balanced opportunities to trade. That indeed is a sensible objective. The GATT itself rests squarely on the principle

of reciprocal bargains. How to determine the balanceof-trade opportunity is the question. After more than 30 years of negotiated reductions in trade bar-

riers, tariffs by product or sector are not equal from country to country. This is because past bargaining often involved an ex-change of concessions on, say, a chemical product for concessions

on, say, a machinery category.

It is sheerest hypocrisy to say that trade barriers, tariff and nontariff, exist only in Japan and Europe. Everybody sins. What is bound to bring no end of trouble is for America to assert a unilateral right to judge the sinners and assess the gravity of their sins.

Trade war" is a term often used loosely, but some form of commercial hostilities cannot fail to follow from such an assertion.

Consider the European commercial airliner, the Airbus. By all ac-counts it is an excellent aircraft, competitive with comparable American planes. Neither tariffs nor other official trade barriers hamper sales in the United States, yet U.S. carriers have been reluctant to buy, no doubt for good business reasons. Is it imaginable, however, that the Europeans will not choose to believe that the Airbus has been the victim of a hidden non-tariff barrier?

America has rights under the GATT. It has the new GATT nontariff barrier codes, hardly tested so far. It can, if GATT procedures seem excessively slow, discuss and negotiate with trading partners, as is being done with Japan. What does not make sense, even under the narrowest construction of American interest, is to lay claim to virtues that no one possesses and to play the bully in pressing them on others.

The writer, a senior fellow at the Brookings Institution, wrote this article for The Washington Post.

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Pilot Claims He Was Sick **During Crash**

Probe in Japan Finds 2 Engines Reversed

United Press International TOKYO — The pilot of a Japan Air Lines DC-8 that crashed in Tokyo Bay, killing 24 persons and injuring 150, said that he felt sick and pushed the control stick forward as the plane was landing, investigators said Monday.

"I thrust forward the control stick when the plane was in a land-ing position," investigators quoted the pilot, Capt. Seiji Katagiri, 35. as saying. "I was in bad shape and

Asked if he threw the engine into reverse thrust positioo, Capt. Katagiri reportedly replied don't remember *

Officials said that two of the jet's four engines that have been recovered were found in reverse

The plane crashed into Tokyo Bay Feb. 9 about 350 yards short of the Haneda airport airstrip. Police and transport investigators said Monday that the crash was caused because the pilot had put one engine to reverse during what otherwise would have been a normal landing descent.

Startled Co-Pilot

Investigators said that the voice recorder retrieved from the plane revealed that as the airliner was approaching the landing strip, the co-pilot, Yoshifumi Ishikawa, 33, could be heard yelling in a startled voice, "What are you doing cap-

They said that the third crew member in the cockpit, flight engineer Yoshiaki Ozaki, had unbuckled his seat belt and apparently tried to reach levers in an attempt to prevent the crash.

Investigators also looked into reports that Capt. Katagiri was among the first group of women and children to flee the sinking jet

News photographers at the scene of the crash Feh. 9 said that Capt. Katagiri had abandoned the plane with the first group of evacuees. They said that JAL and police sources identified Capt. Katagiri in photographs taken moments after the plane crashed.

JAL president Yasumoto Takagi said earlier that the Capt, Katagiri had once been grounded with a psychosomatic stomach disorder and police said that he had asked them to search his apartment for listening devices that he believed

had been planted there. The pilot, who is hospitalized with severe injuries, has maintained silence during most of the

investigators' questioning.

Asked repeatedly about the last moments of the flight, he reportedly answered, "I don't recall clearor 1 cannot say it unless there 2,800. is an attorney present."

viel airline Aeroflot and deported its local chief for alleged

espionage, national security com-mander Adm, Sudomo said Mon-

The Aeroflot chief, Alexander Finenko, was arrested Feb. 6 and

had been on hunger strike until he was put on an Aeroflot flight out of the country Saturday. Western

diplomats say he is a senior officer in Soviet intelligence. Mr. Finenko left Jakarta with Grigory Odaryuk, a Soviet diplo-mat who was arrested with him

and released on the same day be-cause of his diplomatic status, au-thorities said.

Adm. Sudomo said Monday that the release of Mr. Finenko

"does not mean that we are weak

or that we gave in to pressure or

threats from the Soviet Union." But he added, "We must be level-headed and take into consideration our important, long-term oa-tional interests."

FitzGerald Calls

IRA 'Implacable'

Enemy of Ireland

The Associated Press
DUBLIN — Premier Garret
FitzGerald, campaigning for reelection to Thursday's general election, said Monday that the Irish
Republican Army is "the implaca-

hic enemy" of ireland and vowed

interview that his Fine Gael Party's coalition with the Labor Party will continue spending up to 100 million Irish pounds (\$128 million)

a year on security, particularly along the border with British-ruled

"The British have survived the IRA so far," Mr. FitzGerald said. "We're the ones under threat." The almost exclusively Roman

Catholie IRA is fighting to end

British rule in Protestant-dominat-

ed Northern Ireland, It seeks to re-unite all of Ireland, topple the po-litical establishment in Duhlin and

set up an all-Ircland Socialist state.

Socialist Meeting Canceled

ternational party leaders' conference, scheduled to be held in Cara-

cas Feb. 24-25 has been canceled, a spokesman for the Socialist loter-

national headquarters said Mon-

United Press International
LONDON — The Socialist In-

Northern Ireland.

"no compromise on security." While campaigning in Dublin's suburbs, Mr. FitzGerald said in an

Jakarta Expels Official

Of Aeroflot in Spy Case

JAKARTA — Indonesia has closed the Jakarta office of the Soviel airline Aeroflot and deported would have further damaged In-

Birth Control Expert Keeps Thais in Stitches

Promoter Offers Jokes and a Discount on Water-Buffalo Rentals

By Bob Secter

Los Angeles Times Service
THONBURI. Thailand — Stalls at the Prannock market in suburban Bangkok offered an especially wide selection the other day - shrimp, ducks, rice, flowers, greens

and vasectomies.
"Mechai's Free Vasectomy," barked a loudspeaker at the edge of the open air shopping area. "Safe and easy. No more poverty.
No loss of power."

Mechai Viravaidya was at it again. That day he was offering seven-minute steriliza-tions in the back of a mobile van. Another day he may be leasing water huffalo at dis-count prices to Thai farmers who agree to practice family planning or passing out con-doms as prizes on television quiz shows.

Birth control information is dispensed dis-creetly in most countries, but Thailand's best-known population expert has all the subtlety of P.T. Barnum. He is always armed with gimmicks, gags and prizes designed to seduce his countrymen into contraception.

His hijinks have made him as much a national hero as a national character. Thai slang for a condom has become "Mechai."

It may be clowning, but it is calculated elowning. "We've desensitized contracep-uves to the extent that people can talk about them quite openly," explained the 41-year-old Mr. Mechai. "When we first began work, people in family planning were embarrassed by contraceptives, particularly the condom. Can you imagine a soldier embarrassed by the gun? You'd lose the war."

Mr. Mechai apparently is oot embarrassed by much of anything. He frequently organ-

izes contests to see who can blow up a condom to make the biggest halloon.
in December, to celebrate the birthday of

King Bhumibol Adulyadej, doctors from Mr. Mechai's private, nonprofit family-planning agency set up a tent at a festival and sterilized 262 meo with assembly-line precision. Participants had the chance to enter a drawing, and a few won scholarships for their

Such antics apparently have produced resuits. Population growth, nearly 3 percent annually a decade ago, was down to 2.2 percent by 1980, according to United Nations statistics. That government estimates for 1981 put the rate below 2 percent.

The son of a That father and a Scottish

mother, Mr. Mechai earned an economics degree in Australia and went to work as an economist in charge of evaluating development programs for the Thai government. He quit and went into family planning after deciding that unchecked population growth would strangle the Thai economy and "all the foreign assistance, all the development would be for naught."

'Cabbages and Condoms'

His organization, begun in 1974 on a shoe-string, oow spends \$10 million a year, pro-vided mostly by cootributions from Western governments and charities.

The agency, which also sponsors rural health care and agricultural projects, is huy-ing produce from some farmers at abovemarket rates if they practice contraception. The produce is resold at a general store in Bangkok that also features contraceptives. The store is named "Of Cabhages and Con-

The organization promotes both male and female contraception huf concentrates its publicity efforts on men. "In developing countries, most men feel that family planning is a duty of the female," said Praween Payapvipapong, associate project director for the group, "but it's cheaper and easier to sterdize men."

Mr. Mechai and his aides have enlisted a squad of beauticians, harhers, hus drivers, taxi drivers and parking lot attendants who pass out free condoms and free birth-control advice to customers.

In Case of Emergency'

Mr. Mechai has even begun to export his unorthodox methods. The government of Sri Lanka recently put in an order for 10,000 of his key rings, which carry a condom encased in plastie and carry the message, "In case of

When China asked for his help a few years ago, he recommended printing contraceptive details on such places as bottle caps and can-

dy bar wrappers. Until recently, he was a regular on a Thai television quiz show, giving away condoms and other prizes. He has been the talk of oumerous diplomatic dinners here, blowing up gaily colored condoms and handing them to shocked statesmen.

Recently, he announced a stunt to top all.

As his contribution to Thailand's hicentennial celebration of the dynasty that continues to head the Thai state, Mr. Mechai plans a vasectomy marathon in which the goal will be to sterilize at least 1,000 men in a single day. Participants will qualify for a grand prize of a motorcycle, a car or a pickup truck.

Coalition Urges Peaceful Challenge to Marcos

his incarceration and his unsuc-cessful anempt to run for office

before he went to the United

States in May, 1980, for heart sur-

Lorenzo Tanada, a lawyer and

prominent Laban Party figure,

signed up for the party after con-sulting with Mr. Aquino, who is on

a fellowship at Harvard Universi-

Another group in the coalition is the Filipino Democratic Party, represented here by Luis José, but

known to be composed of follow-

ers of Mr. Manglapus, also in vol-untary exile in the United States.

Others in the coalition are well-

MANILA — Politicians who favor a peaceful challenge to the 16year-old aothoritarian government of Ferdinand E. Marcos have formed a coalition of several political parties, in a new attempt to hring about a pluralist democracy.

"We are racing against time, hoping to provide a third force be-tween Marcos' dictatorship and Communism," Salvador Laurel, 52, a lawyer and politician, said in an interview last week at his suburban Manila home.

He said the new grouping, which was still to be named, would seek to head off the radicalization of the opposition. Noting that his Nacionalista Party had lost a fourth of its young leaders to the underground, he said, "They felt it was useless continuing in legal ways and being frustrated at every

The coalition was forged in a series of meetings that began Jan. 16 in Boston between Mr. Laurel and former Sen. Benigno S. Aquino Jr., who went into voluntary exile in the United States after more than seven years in Philippine jails. Two other former senators, Gerardo Roxas and Raul Manglapus, also joined the coalition. The estimated membership of the new group is said.

Mr. Marcos' New Society Party

the opposition. Most are govern-ment functionaries, however, and it is difficult to predict how they would behave if Mr. Marcos were challenged by a strong opposition.

Because the new coalition is committed to moderation and peaceful change, Mr. Laurel said e thought it would be welcomed by Washington. His statement was line with the belief often expressed here that the United States, because of its military bases in the Philippines, will work against any radical alternative to

the present regime.

Mr. Laurel, who has hacking in Bantangas province south of Ma-nila, brought into the coalition a key part of the two-party system

that once existed here. The other, the Liberal Party under former President Diosdado Macapagal, has also joined, as has the Laban Party, the group that

Blast Kills Miner in Spain The Associated Press

CORDOBA, Spain — A worker was killed and 10 were injured Monday in a gas explosion at a coal mine at Espiel, about 25 miles northwest of Cordoba, officials

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Indonesian authorities said they believe the case is connected to So-viet interest in the Natuna islands in the South China Sea, which in the South China Sea, which have rich deposits of natural gas and oil. Two years ago the Indooesian defense department announced a military buildup in the remote but strategic islands. Part of the Natura island chain has been claimed by Vietnam, a Soviet

"Finenko gave us enough information during his detention," Adm. Sudomo said. He did not elaborate. The arrests led to the detention of more than 12 Indonesian military personnel in Jakarta. The closure of the Aeroflot off-

donesian-Soviet relations.

ice follows street demonstrations here denouncing alleged Soviet spying and a call by the country's civil aviation trade union for a ban on Soviet flights.

Last week, Jakarta's military commander announced that Mr. Finenko would be put on trial for subversion, along with an Indonesian oaval officer who is said to have been caught passing secret documents to Col. Sergei Egorov, a Soviet military attaché who was expelled last week.

Peking Aide Sees Growing Chinese, U.S. Friendship

PEKING — Chinese Foreign Minister Huang Hua on Monday expressed confidence that Chinese-American friendship was growing despite political differences between the two countries.

Mr. Huang, addressing a meeting marking the 10th anniversary of the death of Edgar Snow, an American expert on China, did not directly refer to tension that has arisen as a result of U.S. plans to sell new fighter planes to Taiwan.

"Sometimes, relations between states may be overcast and the road ahead may be rugged. But the friendship between the peoples is ever lasting," Mr. Huang declared at the at Peking University, where part of Mr. Snow's ashes are bur-ied.

"More and more Americans had become China's friends since the establishment of diplomatic rela-tions between the two countries," he added in his eulogy of Mr. Snow, author of "Red Star Over China," an account of the rise of

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Party Compromises With Lévesque **But Hardens Independence Stand**

By Henry Giniger New York Times Service

MONTREAL — After patching up a split over tactics. Quebec's ruling Parti Quebecois has ended a special conventioo here determined to make the largely Frenchspeaking provioce independent afer the next election.

The party, in a decidedly radical mood two months ago, fell into ine hehind Premier Rene Lévesque, who withdrew the threat of resignation as head of both the party and the government that he made in December. Mr. Lévesque said he and the party militants were now agreed that there would be no move toward independence without the support of a clear majority of voters.

A declaration of independence could come if the party received such a majority at the next elec-

Turkish Newsman Ousted by Greece For 'False' Reports

New York Times Service ATHENS — The Greek govern-ment has ordered the expulsion of a Turkish journalist charged with alleged misleading reporting harmful to Greek-Turkish relations.

The journalist, Cem Basar, 49, is the first foreign newsman to be expelled from Greece since the 1967-1974 dictatorship. He has been given 20 days to leave the country. Government sources said that

Mr. Basar's reporting had been "quite unacceptable" and had giv-en rise to "extremely false concep-Moslem area, the Visayas and Bi-col regions, where the Communist underground has made considertions of events in Greece." Mr. Basar, who has been sta-tioned in Athens for the last 11

able headway, and the Tagalog region south of Manila. The northyears as correspondent of the rightist Islambul daily Hurriyet, ern Philippines remains the politi-cal bailiwick of Mr. Marcos. said Monday that he was sum-moned by police last weekend and given a verbal expulsion order. Mr. Laurel and his political allies boycotted the last elections in

June, which Mr. Marcos won easi-He said that since 1974 he had been threatened with expulsion 15 times, but that these threats had A major problem for any group wanting to challenge Mr. Marcos is where to get campaign funds. been withdrawn after the intervention of the Turkish Foreign Minis-After eight years of martial law, partly lifted in 1981, few contribu-tors would risk giving to the oppotry. However, he said that this time the decision was final and that he had begun preparations for depar-

tion, Mr. Lèvesque said. If the parrality of votes, he indicated, then preparations for independence would be made by drawing up a new constitution for submission to a refereodum. The constitution deelaring Quebec an independent state would go into effect if it received majority popular support. The Quebec government was re-elected last April and has more than four years to run before it has

to call an election. In December, delegates to a par-ty convention adopted a resolution calling for independence if the party woo a majority of seats at the next election regardless of its popular vote. They also voted to scrap virtually all references to the need for Quebec to maintain economic links with Canada. Mr. Lévesque objected to both stands and called on the party's rank and file to reverse them in a referendum that he said would also determine whether

he stayed or left. Mr. Levesque won the hacking of 95 percent of those who mailed in ballots, about half of the membership of 290,000. Only a handful of people announced that they

were quitting the party.

Mr. Lévesque told delegates that Quebec could oot go to the United Nations for recognition unless it could show that its bid for independence had clear popular backing. He explained that UN members would be as sensitive to the breakup of Canada's integrity as they would be about their own io-

tegrity.

The resolution approved by the convention nonetheless made some coocessions to the party's radical wing and the result is a hardened stand by the party on independ-ence. Such a hardening was considered inevitable after a conference in October produced an agreement on a new constitution between the federal government and the nine English-speaking provinces, against Quebec's object-

At the same time that it declares its independence, according to the resolution. Quebec would offer a new association to the rest of Canada. But acceptance by Ottawa and the other provinces of such an association "hetween equals" would no looger be a condition for Quebec's independence, as it has been in the past.

The resolution asserted that the "constitutional betrayal" of Que-bee hy the rest of the country had shown that "only when Quebecers, will have themselves decided to acquire their national sovereignty. and only at that time, will English Canada agree to maintain an eco-nomie association with Ouebec."

Labor Aide Calls Reagan 'Anti-Union' As AFL-CIO Council Opens Meeting

BAL HARBOUR, Fla. — The newest member of the AFL-C10 executive council Monday described President Reagan as "anti-union" as labor leaders opened their annual midwinter meeting that is expected to include a week-long attack on administration poli-

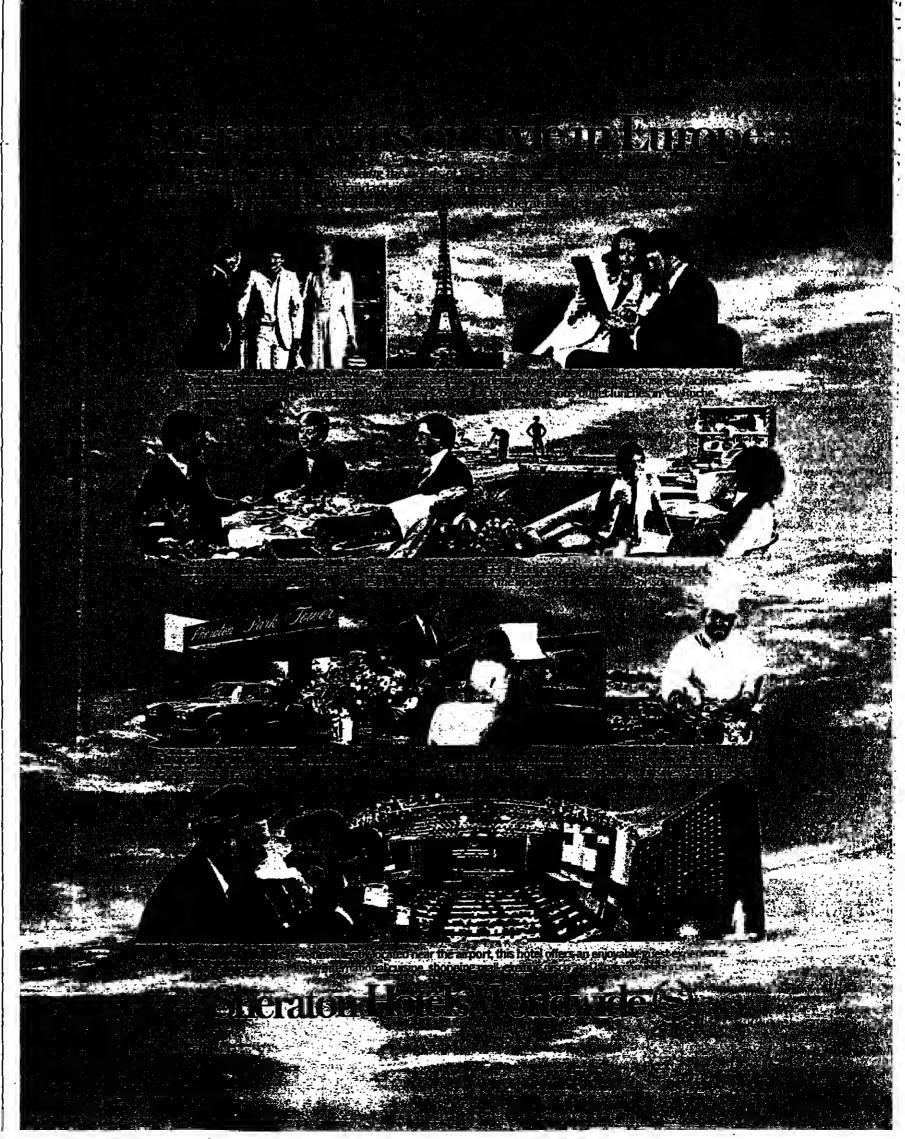
At a news briefing. Gerald McEntee, head of the 1-million-member American Federation of State, County and Municipal Workers Union, challenged the president's "new federalism" proposal to switch federal programs to states and indicated his union

would fight oew budget proposals. "I think they're anti-union," Mr. McEntee said. "They've proved

think maybe he [the president] allows them [the unions] to exist in society, but oo his terms,"

The 35-member council planned to consider a series of formal statemeots on the ecooomy, including Mr. Rengan's 1983 hudget proposals and unemployment and may; withhold a hlanket endorsement of military spending because of the administration's curtailment of social programs.

Despite a hostile relationship' between labor leaders and the White House, Vice President Bush' and Secretary of State Alexander M. Haig Jr. were scheduled to meet with union leaders at the



By Thomas Quinn Curtiss

inexhaustible energy and determination. As his outlook on social problems often differs from that of the powers that be, a breath of scandal hovers over his reputation. His work has introduced the Philippine film abroad and he has harvested critical praise and awards at international festivals. That he is the most talented of the younger native filmmakers is not disputed, but his defiant independence is distrusted in official circles.

Now in his late 30s, bespecta-cled and stocky, he retains a boyish bounce. He is quick in gesture,

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ATHENS/PSYCHICO

speech and movement as are his les restaurant and as an attendant films. He talks rapidly in fluent in a home for the aged, and later MANILA—Lino Brocka is the stormy petrel of the Philippine cinema, a nonconformist of sussively.

After studying Facilies literature

After studying English literature for four years at Manila Universihe began his movie career in 1965 as an assistant to Monte Hellman, who was shooting a tele-vision film in Manila "Flight to Fury," with Jack Nicholson, then little known, in a leading role.

Since, Brocka has traveled widely, undertaking various pursuits. Raised a Roman Catholic, he became, astonishingly, a Mormon missionary in the leper colony of Molokai. He spent three years in worked as a busboy in a Los Ange-

Hotels in London Among Costliest

LONDON - British hotels are still the most expensive in Europe although London is now fifth in the world league of costliest cities for accomodation, according to the latest edition of the Good Hotel Guide, published by Britain's Con-

sumers Association.

Barbados, Abu Dhabi, Chicago and New York are listed as the four most expensive cities to rent a

Hilary Rubenstein, editor of the fifth edition of the guide, which has more than 700 entries and inhas more than 700 entries and includes for the first time hotels in Northern Ireland, Finland, Hungary and Laxembourg blames the British "prejudice" against catering and the high cost of staff for the expense of hotels here. "On the Continent, many hotels are run by familiar and involve are run by families and involve the whole family. In England, it is usual to regard the hotel as a business — a way of making profit — rather than income," Rubenstein said,

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watched moviemaking in the U.S.

"In many ways I'm a Hollywood boy," he confessed, and the dynamic editing, keen observation and rapid tempo of his own work are evidence of this.

studios.

"Too many beginners in the cinema today are limited by their monomania about films," he said. "They think they can learn the art of making films from a study of films, Frequently they are ignorant of the arts, of music, painting. composition, literature and drama. All they have to sell is what we have already seen. I have profited enormously from a set of varied experiences — aside from technical training. A director must bring a knowledge of real life to the screen and not merely imitate, however

cleverly, his forerunners." Brocka's new film, "PX," which deals with an American-Filipino drug smuggling syndicate opera-ting through a U.S. air base and the fatal involvement of an American soldier in its activities, has again ruffled governmental sensi-bilities. It was shown out of competition in the recent Manila Inter-

national Film Festival. "PX" was made on a rush order
— in 21 days," he complained. "It
was finished a few days before it was shown. I wanted another film of mine in the festival, Manila, the Claws of the City, but that request was rejected. The censors wanted

changes in my PX' script. You know, a good American to balance every bad American. Compromise!
"Madame Marcos, the first lady, has scolded me, urging me to con-centrate on sweetness and light, to get out of the slums, not to dwell on dark matters, but I believe the light of art comes from the treatment of a subject, not from cham-ber of commerce testimonials."

"PX" benefits from Brocka's brilliant employment of pictorial values and atmosphere, lightning characterizations and swift pace. A movie in perpetual motion, it has vigor and freshness in relating the fate of a U.S. soldier caught in the web of murderous underworld intrigue. It is a melodrama with a message which directorial electricity elevates above the mediocrity of its plot, It is not Brocka's favorite film, but it has mesmeric quality. More impressive is his earlier "Insiang," set in a mean quarter of Manila, in which a tenement daughter and mother are rivals for

- Though not by offical command, Brocks is to soon desert the metropolitan slums, the frequent background of his dramas. His next film is to be set in an island village and to have fishermen and their families as its subject. Despite this change of scene, Brocka is not abendoming his deep socio-logical probing. His new venture, one is assured, will not be roses,

Randy Lee's Short, Unhappy Life in the Foreign Legion

OS ANGELES — Randy Lee's story begins with a broken heart, a failed young love that led the 19-year-old youth to run off to Europe and, in what would prove to be a fatal act of bravado, join the French For-

eign Legion.
It ends with a broken heart too — that of Lee's mother, who with cables, letters, telephone calls and prayers led an effort to free her son from his five-year commitment with the military force that France calls "the elite of the elite." Two weeks ago, the cable came confirming that Lee had died with 30 other Legionnaires in a plane crash m Africa.

The story is told by Judy Lee, Randy's mother, a loan officer at a Costa Mesa, Calif., bank. Its essential elements are confirmed by State Department officials in Washington, the office of a U.S. congressman who intervened on Lee's behalf and French diplomats here.

According to his mother, Randy Lee was a talented young man. An accomplished planist and singer, he had performed on local television at 14 and was later a popuar one-man nightclub act.

With his husky build, olive complexion, curly hair and wide, dark eyes, Lee had the dashing good looks that, for those whose notions of the French Foreign Legion spring from such movies as "Beau Geste," seem ironically fitting

for a paratrooper at the legion's African outpost.

"Oh, he was a handsome boy," Judy Lee said. "Big, strong, intelligent, with a heart of gold. He could have had any woman he wanted." Bot, as it happened, the one he wanted fell in love with

someone else and married. "He couldn't live with it," Lee's mother said. "He tried to work it out by working, going to school, but be couldn't handle it."

And so, months later, Lee left for Europe and last spring found himself in Paris with some friends. It was there he met the recruiters from the Foreign Legion.

Whatever the bait, Lee bit. After a second visit to the bar, his mother has been told, he left with the recruiters, signed his name to a five-year contract and was soon en route to Aubagne, near Marseilles, where Randall Lyman Lee would be given a new identity: legionnaire paratrooper Lawrence Léon.
When her son's friends told her that Randy had enlist-

ed, she began scarching for more concrete information.

From the U.S. Embassy in Paris came this cable: "The French consider 18 the age of majority so therefore no parental consent is necessary. Enlistment contracts are for a five-year period and, according to enlistment literature, volunteers must be capable of forgetting their past, their family and their friends. When a man enlists his

But when his mother began making inquiries in May, she was asking for Randy Lee and the Legion at first denied that he was enlisted. She persisted, sending urgent — and false — cable messages that there had been a death in the family and he should contact home.

Finally, she received a telephone call from Randy. She told him that his favorite grandfather had died. Lee, who was in the office of his commander, said he would send her a letter. He, like his mother, knew that his grandfather had died five years earlier, but he did not let on.

A subsequent letter said the French "gave me the name of Lawrence Léon and took away my passport. At first I was scared I would be lost in the rank and file, But don't worry about it. They do that for everyone."

It was several months before Mrs. Lee again received a letter from her son. "I almost went insane," she recalled.
"I couldn't understand a word he was saying." She took
the missive to a friend and to a private detective, and
together they decoded the seemingly wild ramblings.

The Little Blue Book

He talked of "that little blue book you used to read to me when I was little." There had never been such a book. but Lee's mother surmised that he was referring to his passport. "That little blue book would make mighty nice reading right now."

He asked if she remembered how they used to "go visit Gramps?" They had gone by train, and she took this to mean that he would attempt to escape by catching a train mear his base. "The little blue book," he said, "would make good reading on the train."

In other letters, which Mrs. Lee said were smuggled out

by a girl her son had befriended, he told how he wanted to escape and asked her to send him "a blue cheescake." Instead, she sent a birth certificate — the best she could - and he wrote back thanking her for "the birthday card." She hoped that he could escape to a U.S. embassy

with the certificate, get a passport and flee.

In the meantime, the Legionnaire warned his mother not to enlist the aid of "Ronald R's people." She took this as a warning oot to stir up an official foss.

Lee made two attempts to get away. The first was in November, It took him only to a stockade for 15 to 20 days, according to an aide for Rep. Robert Badham, a

On Christmas Day, Lee contacted his mother after waiting eight hours to use the camp's only pay telephone. Speaking more boldly than he ever had, he urged her to try anything to get him out. He told her that he was being

shipped out to Africa.

It was then that Judy Lee contacted Badham's office.

Working with a persistent office aide named Lynn Wintercorn, they began to attempt to help Lee through diplo-

The State Department investigated, but since Lee's

name was on a valid enlistment contract, there was little that could be done, according to Jim Webb, press officer for the department's Bureau of Consular Affairs:

Two days after Christmas, Lee tried again, After he was caught, his younger sister, Michelle, received a call at home from a man who said only that Randy was being visited by "Gramps and Eddie." This, by predetermined

code, was a message to get help.

With the help of Wintercorn, the U.S. Consulate in Marseilles was contacted and U.S. officials telephoned Lee in the stockade. He was in good health, the diplomats said. In his last communication with his mother, Lee told her that stockade officers had been impressed when U.S. officials inquired on his behalf; they asked him if his

parents were important Americans. "What they didn't realize." Lee said in a letter "is the power of the best mother in the whole world." In the same letter, dated Jan. 22, he also told how his

group of paratroopers was being sent to Djibouti.
"Africa, here I come," he wrote. "I'll write more for you from Africa. I'm afraid of some funny things around the corner. God, I'm tired. The trouble never stops. God, I love you, so, so much.'

That last letter arrived on Feb. 9. That last letter arrived on Feb. 9.

Then came the cable to Badham's office: "The American Consulate in Marseilles regrets to inform you of the death of Randall Lyman Lee aka Lawrence Léon. Mr. Lee died in an airplane crash at Dibouti during a French Foreign Legion training exercise on Feb. 3, 1982. . . . The flight crashed into Mt. Garbi approximately 20 kilometers from Djibouti, northwest of Lake Affal in poor measure."

Later, Judy Lee received a call at work from the French

Later, Judy Lee received a call at work from the French consul. There had been an accident; her son had died. The victims were buried in Consica.

Randy Lee, the diplomat said, was now part of "the legend of the legion."

Judy Lee's concern now is to get her son's body home. Because of French law, it cannot be returned until his name is legally changed back to Randall Lee, a court process that she has been told could take six months.

She is also beauted by discrepancies in reporting of the

She is also haunted by discrepancies in reporting of the crash — at first no Americans were said to be aboard; then she was told Randy was on the plane. She asked to see the body and to have it preserved for an autopsy. The request was denied.

Judy Lee finds comfort in that Randy always stressed that he had not lost his Christian faith. Said his mother:
"It had to be fast, however he died. And he's with the Lord now. He is home free."

More States Testing Teachers in Response to School Critics

By Gene I. Macroff New York Times Service

NEW YORK — A growing number of states are beginning to test teachers before letting them into the classroom, in an effort to produce better teachers and counter increasing dissatisfaction with U.S. public schools.

Customarily, state education de-partments have assumed that a deeree in education automatically qualified a person to be certified for teaching. But as students' scores on achievement tests seem to decline, parents and legislators

increasingly blame teachers and demand that they be graded, too. In Texas, beginning in 1984, candidates for licenses must pass a test that demonstrates adequate knowledge of the subject area they

will teach. In California, a teacher testing bill took effect this year after a legislative report showed that the scores on entrance exams of students in teacher training pro-grams had declined faster than the scores of other students.

Altogether, 18 states have proposed requirements for people ap-plying for teaching licenses and several other states appear ready to follow.

Some educators have expressed reservations about whether the ability to teach is something that can be tested.

Charles S. Gifford, acting dean of the education college at the University of New Orleans, is among these. "Questions about paintings that they will never see, theorists they will never have to quote and where the first kindergarten was located do not tell me that someone is a good teacher,"

he said. cially strong in the South, is closely tied to concern that the perform ance of students is declining, a concern that has been reflected in surveys by the National Assessment of Educational Progress, a federal program that monitors schools.

Union Resistance

Organizations representing teachers have generally being able to turn back efforts for periodic on-the-job testing leaving the movement to focus on new candidates. College entrance tests such as those in California show that young people preparing for careers in teaching are often among the least able.

The harsh fact is that we can-not have gifted teachers if gifted students do not enter the profession," Ernest L. Boyer, president of the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching, said in recent speech at Yale University.

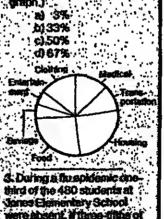
The attempt to raise the level of those admitted to teaching comes at a time when school districts find it increasingly difficult to be choosy about whom they hire. The profession has lost much of its at-

Sample Questions Examples below are taken from the test given to people seeking teaching licenses in

1. Find the sum of 3905, 68, and 821 ×3,792 b)4,792

c) 11,892 di None of the above 2. A budget for a fairly of 4. with a total income between \$400-\$800 permonth is . shown in the figure below. . According to this graph about what percent of the family

income would be spent on tood, housing, and transportation? (Refer to the graph.)



were absent. If three tithe of the absent students had the his topy many students we sharm because of the Bu?

8) 98 students

b) 126 students

c) 160 stoderm

traction as salaries lag, job security disappears and conditions in classrooms grow more unpleasant, Even though fewer teachers are needed because of decreasing enrollment, there is a shortage of science and mathematics teachers. Moreover, women, once the backbone of the profession, are flocking to a bost of other careers.

In Alabama a lawsuit has been filed in federal court charging that black candidates for teaching certificates are being penalized "for having to acquire all or part of their formal education in segregated public high schools." It said that the test, in effect, "systematically excludes black graduates from obtaining regular certification needed to enter the teaching profession." In New Mexico, where the testilii.

, Tal

ing of teacher candidates will start next year, there is some worry about the impact on the sizable number of Mexican-Americans seeking teaching jobs.

Questions frequently are similar to those on minimum competency tests for high school students. Some states use the National Teacher Examination of the Educational Testing Service, but more states are leaning toward creating

Off-Course 'Dutchman'

By Henry Pleasants

International Herald Tribune

ONDON — Among the ideas David Pountney has brought to his new production of "The Flying Dutchman" for the English National Opera, recently introduced at the Coliseum, is that of returning to Wagner's initial conception of the opera as a one-acter. It is not a good one. It's not just that two and a half hours without an intermission is a long sit, nor even that such an arrangement blurs the obvious closing points at

the ends of the first two acts as traditionally given (and as given, indeed, by Wagner at the Dresden premiere in 1843).

More important is the loss of time for scene changes, the result being an unsatisfactory setting (by Stefanos Lazaridis) for the interior scenes in Daland's cottage and a loss of an essential suggestion of domesticity. It also leaves Senta improbably holding the Dutchman's portrait on her

has been also been appropriate to her bosom, there being no wall to hang it from.

Much else works well, however, especially the handling of Daland's and the Dutchman's ships in the opening harbor scene. Pountney is conspicuously successful in his staging of the successive individual confrontations, assisted by Nick Chelton's ingenious lighting in keeping attention focused on the principals and their progress in the degree. attention focused on the principals and their progress in the drama.

The choral scene between the sailors and townfolk on the ooe hand

and the Dutchman's ghostly crew on the other gets wildly out of hand with what seems like a visit to Dante's Inferno, but the close, with Senta and the Dutchman reunited beneath the waves, is daring and effective—although some may well feel that it is rather overdone.

The cast is uniformly strong, headed by Norman Bailey, a veteran of 20-odd productions of "Der Fliegende Hollander" in both German and

English, and Josephine Barstow as Senta, offering a further demonstra-tion of her pre-eminence as a singing actress. Dennis Wicks is a properly Rocco-like Daland, and John Treleaven an exceptionally sympathetic

and persuasive Erik.

Mark Elder's musical direction is firm, but the orchestral sound is somehow insufficiently Wagnerian. It might be said of the production as a whole that it is not German enough — and not just because the text is

Further performances will be Feb. 16, 19, 23 and 26, and March 4, 6

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Page 7 Tuesday, February 16, 1982 +

EEC Proposes Legal Trade Move Against Japan

By Philip Stephens

BRUSSELS — The EEC Commission, impatient with lack of progress in curbing a Japanese trade surplus that continued to grow in January, has proposed lodging a formal trade complaint against Japan, EEC sources said

The commission wants to start proceedings against the Japanese under Article 23 of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade.

they said.
Such a complaint would have to be approved by the governments of the community and would mean a much tougher stance in the battle to win greater access to the Japanese market, they said.
Japan showed a \$10.3-billion

surplus with the EEC last year, up

JEDDAH — The Kuwaiti oil minister, Sheikh Ali Khalifa al-Sa-

bah, had surprise talks in Jeddah Monday with Saudi Crown Prince

Fand as consultations continued

about a possible emergency meeting of OPEC on tumbling crude oil

Western oil company executives believe the Saudis are under strong

pressure from other exporters to

cut their buge output sharply from somewhere near 8 million barrels daily to reduce the glut and defend

The Saudi press agency said the Kuwaiti minister flew to Saudi

Arabia unexpectedly and immedi-

ately saw the crown prince. Prince

Fahd chairs the Saudi Supreme Pe-

giut undermines prices on the spot, or noncontract market, severely straining the OPEC official price structure for contract sales, OPEC

prices are aligned on \$34 a barrel

for the benchmark Saudi Arabian

light crude, which has traded on the spot market at \$32 to \$32.75.

Still Opposed

The Saudi press agency said Kuwait's oil minister brought a message for King Khalid from the

Emir of Kuwait, Sheikh Jaber al-Ahmad al-Sabah. It added that his

talks with Prince Fahd were at-

tended by the Saudi posts, tele-

graphs and telephones minister, Alawi Darwish Kayyal, described

Jeddah sources did not know the

Sheikh Yamani told reporters

last week be thought the OPEC

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Ahmed Zaki Yamani.

Members of OPEC are considermg whether to meet in emergency session as the persistent world oil

troleum Council.

Kuwaiti Oil Minister

Has Talks With Fahd

from \$9.3 billion in 1980. And wary, up 16.2 percent, while immonday, Japan announced preliminary figures showing the trade billion.

uary, up 16.2 percent, while immonder an international spotlight and could force more radical action. inary figures showing the trade surplus with the EEC and the United States widened in January.

Despite posting an overall trade deficit of \$1.85 billion in January after a \$1.53-billion surplus in December, Japanese exports to the EEC and the United States gained ground in January while imports from the West marked time or fell

Preliminary Figures

Exports to the 10-nation EEC in January were 10.1 percent higher than in December at \$1.42 billion, while imports from Western Europe fell 11.5 percent to \$672 mil-

Japan sold goods worth \$2.71 billion to the United States in Jan-

dor, on May 20.

out of the market.

had been learned.

might yet have to be summoned if

It said some thought the Sandis

wanted to discipline price "hawks" such as Libya, Iran and Algeria,

The figures are subject to rounding, and revised December figures were not yet available, the ministry

High import duties on thou-sands of products along with stringent technical specifications have proved a constant beadache for Western European companies trying to sell in Japan.

Japan's recent decision to dis-mantle some of these barriers in response to EEC demands had been a step in the right direction but it was not enough to satisfy the commission, the sources said.

They said the commission believes a complaint through GATT would put Tokyo's trade policies

"The Japanese might be more impressed by being put in the dock in GATT," one source said. Of Change 3 mes. _+14.4%

GATT Arbitration

A complaint under Article 23, allowed if any GATT member believes international trade rules are being "millified or impaired," would be in two stages. If formal bilateral talks to resolve the problem failed, the issue would go to a GATT arbitration panel. In Tokyo, a Japanese official

said, "We wonder why the commission is reported to have prepared such a proposal shortly after high-level regular trade consulta-tions between Japan and the com-munity in Tokyo late last month."

U.S. M-1 Money Supply Currency, checking and check-like deposits. Weekly averages in billions of dollars, seasonally adjusted.

change specialists were expecting not long ago. In December, when the yen was trading at about 215 to

the dollar and Japan's major secu-rities bouses and research insti-tutes were making their year-end forecasts, they predicted that the yen would continue to strengthen. The Nomura Research Institute

forecast that the yen would be at 205 by the end of the first quarter of 1982 and hit 200 by midyear. Other forecasts were similarly optimized.

Deficit Reaction

foresee was the series of unantici-

pated bulges in the U.S. money

supply since the beginning of 1982 and the delicit projections in the

falling prey to renewed concerns that big U.S. budget deficits would

(Continued on Page 9, Col. 5)

United States.

What the forecasters did not

Weaker Yen Deepens Tokyo's Trade Problem

New York Times Service

TOKYO - Japanese government officials have watched with growing concern in recent weeks as increases in U.S. interest rates have weakened the yen, threaten-ing to intensify Japan's trade prob-

The boped-for appreciation of the yen has not occurred," said Masani Yoshitomi, chief economist of Japan's Economic Planning Agency. The reason is the which are the result of the policy mix of the American government — tight monetary policy and large projected federal deficits."

Because of its buge trade sur-pluses with the United States and

Western Europe, Japan is being threatened with protectionist measures that would restrict the flow of its goods into overseas markets.

The U.S. Congress is consider-ing several bills that would curb imports from Japan, and the EEC Commission may lodge a formal complaint against Japan through the Geneva-based General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade.

Delayed Reaction

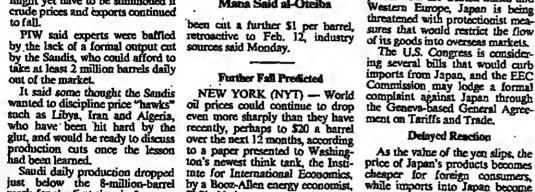
price of Japan's products becomes cheaper for foreign consumers, while imports into Japan become more costly for Japanese consumers. Though the effect of currency movements on trade patterns is delayed, a weaker yen over any sustained period will tend to increase Japan's trade surpluses, aggravating frictions with its key

the foreign exchange markets in recent weeks to prop up the yen. According to foreign exchange trad-ers bere, the central bank has intervened in the market almost daily since last month

Despite the intervention, the dollar ended Monday at a sixmonth high of 241.10 year. The trend represents a sharp re-

ca's Tokyo branch.

Last week the Treasury reported that Britain's share of the world export market had fallen 20 percent in the past four years.



who have been hit hard by the glut, and would he ready to discuss production cuts once the lesson Saudi daily production dropped just below the 8-million-barrel mark for the first time in January. Philip Verleger, Mr. Verleger, a former staff member at the Treasury Departdown from the 8.5-million-barrel self-imposed ceiling and an average level of 9.5 million barrels be-

fore that ceiling went into effect three months ago. The likelihood of further price drops was accentuated by Iran's that the decline in petroleum conmove two weeks ago in undercutting by 80 cents OPEC's bench-mark price for Saudi light crude. Iran has told Japanese oil im-

LONDON - Industrial produc-

tion fell 5.3 percent in Britain last

year, according to official figures published Monday.

The statistics showed produc-

tion in manufacturing industries

falling sharply at the end of the year, challenging claims by Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's gov-

crument that the worst of the re-

Total output fell 1.1 percent in December, the last month calculat-

ed, while manufacturing produc-

tion dropped 2.3 percent to its low-est level since 1967, according to the figures from the Central Statis-

One reason for the poor showing was Britain's most severe Decem-ber weather for 20 years, and ex-

tended Christmas-New Year holi-

Geoffrey Howe, who is under pres-sure from big business, the unions, opposition parties and some of his

own Conservatives to announce

day breaks at many factories. The figures pose a headache for Chancellor of the Exchequer Sir

cession is over.

tical Office.

benchmark would remain at \$34 throughout 1982, adding he felt the glut would be stabilized when oil companies stopped running down surplus stocks. He said that he and the oil ministers of Kuwait and the United Arab Emirates felt that "an extraordinary [OPEC] conference right now is not recom-But the Emirates minister, Mana Said al-Otelba, who is OPEC's current president, said Sunday that consultations continue on a possi-ble meeting before the next sched-uled OPEC session in Quito, Ecua-Petroleum Intelligence Weekly, New York industry newsletter, said Monday that such a meeting Mana Said al-Oteiba

oil prices could continue to drop even more sharply than they have recently, perhaps to \$20 a barrel over the next 12 months, according to a paper presented to Washing-ton's newest think tank, the Instiinte for International Economics, by a Booz-Allen energy economist,

ment and the Council of Economic Advisers who now lectures at the Yale University School of Organization and Management, argued sumption, excessive stocks, high interest rates and changing characteristics of the petroleum market were exerting almost irreversible downward pressures on the price.

The fall in production for 1981

in North Sea oil and gas output.

trading partners. Recognizing this, the Bank of Japan has been selling dollars in U.K. 1981 Output Fell 5.3%

The bank's dollar sales to support the yen have averaged \$20 million to \$30 million a day, tradreflationary government spending in his annual budget March 9. ers said. Monday, however, traders estimated that the Bank of Japan was despite a 10-percent increase sold \$200 million or more. "But they cannot stop this trend," said Akira Takahashi, the chief foreign ln manufacturing industries alone, production was down 6.3 exchange dealer at Bank of Ameripercent on 1980 and 14.5 percent

versal from what most foreign ex-



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February 1982

Dollar Advances in Europe; EEC Critical of U.S. Policies

LONDON - Renewed pressure on U.S. interest rates pushed the

dollar sharply higher Monday, adding to European concerns about the effects of U.S. economic As interest on dollar deposits in

Western Europe and Asia climbed by up to 1/2 a percentage point, the dollar hit its highest in five months against the Deutsche mark and in six months against the French franc and the Japanese ven. The British pound fell in its lowest in three and a half months.

The dollar's latest surge, which followed Friday's unexpectedly large \$2.3-billion increase in the U.S. money supply, came as EEC finance ministers met in Brussels nn ways to insulate their econo-mies from violent fluctuations in

mies from violent fluctuations in the fineign exchange markets. West German Finance Minister Hans Matthöfer said Monday that EEC countries agree on what the U.S. should do to curb growing United States and Europe and that it is essential the EEC adopts a unified stance toward Washington. Creating Problems

He told reporters during a break from the meeting that they had agreed the United States was creating problems with its policy of non-intervention on foreign ex-change markets, its methods of monetary control and its expan-

monetary control and its expansionary fiscal policy.

A spokesman for the EEC Commission said the ministers agreed they should speak with one voice in their contacts with Washington. The ministers asked Belgian Pre-

mier Wilfried Martens, who is going to the United States with Belgian Foreign Minister Leo Reagan administration's 1983 budget. Only a week ago, the yen was about 230 to the dollar before Tindemans this week, to tell President Reagan of their concern over high U.S. interest rates and the volatility of the dollar.

Belgian Finance Minister Willy de Clarge soid the minister Willy

push interest rates higher.
In the current trade debate, the de Clercq said the ministers did not dwell on the latest dollar surge. United States has pointed to its \$13.4 billion deficit with Japan last "It's not a one-day situation. It's year as evidence that the Japanese market is closed. Japan, in con-trast, has pointed to it as evidence an overall situation, and we hope we'll find the means to a solution - if possible in a bilateral way." he said.

of the "unwarranted strength" of the dollar, supported on the false stilts of high interest rates in the A West German spokesman said that the new upward movement of U.S. interest rates "makes us very The size of the trade imbalance nervous. Interest rates are too high and are killing investments." and the move toward protectionism in America is a consequence of He said, however, that despite your policies," Mr. Yoshitomi, the

the call for a unified stance against the United States, West Germany

lateral European reduction in in-

Mr. de Clercq did not rule out such a course, but he said be would prefer consultations with the United States.

The ministers heard a report from West German Deputy Finance Minister Horst Schulmann, current president of the EEC Monetary Committee, that said: "The community should use all available channels to persuade the United States in adopt a monetary, fiscal and exchange rate policy in line with its international economic responsibility."

The report also dealt with possible expansion of the European Monetary System, the original topic for the meeting.

Proposals, to be made final at

another finance ministers' meeting next month in advance of the EEC March summit, included extending private use of the European currency unit, modifying the method of calculating the ECU's value and improving coordination of eco-nomic policies throughout the EEC.

Mr. Matthrifer said the suggestions met a generally favorable re-ception Monday. "The general im-pression is that the EMS is a good thing and needs in be developed," be said, adding that the system would gain considerably in weight if Britain joined its exchange rate British Chancellor of the

Exchequer Sir Geoffrey Howe and

£\$terling: 1,2503 Irish L

Delors were absent from the meet-

Mr. Sebulmann said it was important to "keep cool" as U.S. interest rates rise.

New Highs

Foreign exchange dealers said banks were buying dollars in the belief that U.S. interest rates were likely to climb after last Friday's

money supply report.

The dollar was fixed Monday morning at 2.4004 DM in Frankfurt, its highest level since hitting 2.4053 Sept. 11, and at 6.0835 French francs in Paris, its highest since August, when it peaked at a post-war high of 6.1830. Dealers said central banks did not intervene in support of the two Europe an currencies, and that both weakan currencies, and that both weakened further — the mark to 2,4075 and the franc to 6,1025 — before closing at 2.3937 and 6.0775, re-

spectively.

Sterling declined to a 14-week low of \$1.8280, although it held up fairly well against Western European currencies.

In Tokyo, where the dollar closed at its highest since Aug. 5 at 241.10 yen, dealers said the Japanese central bank sold at least \$200 million to support the yen.

U.S. Heliday Banks, businesses, and stock and

commodity markets were closed Monday in the United States for

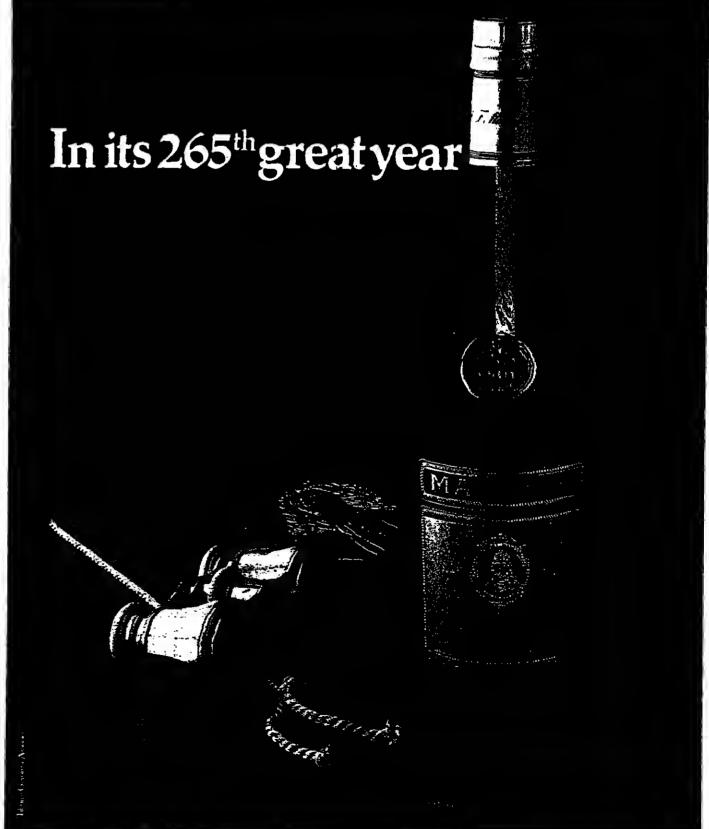
CURRENCY RATES

Interbank exchange rates for Feb. 15, 1982, excluding bank service charges.

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Amsterdam, 9th February 1982.

Amsterdam **Other Stock Markets** Feb. 15, 1982 Frankfurt London

All of these bonds having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

February 1982

Montreal Stocks

Closing Prices, Feb. 12, 1982



The Council of Europe Resettlement Fund for National Refugees and Over-Population in Europe

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Delbrück & Co

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Bayerische Hypotheken- und Wechsel-Bank Aktiengesellschaft Berliner Bank Richard Daus & Co., Bankiers

Toronto Stocks

Closing Prices, Feb. 12, 1982

DG BANK Georg Hauck & Sohn Bankiers Landesbank Rheinland-Pfalz

-Girozentrale-Norddeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale

Vereins- und Westbank Aktiengesellschaft

Westfalenbank

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Genossenschaftliche Zentralbank AG – Vienna Kuwait Foreign Trading Contracting & Investment Co. **Swiss Bank Corporation**

10110150

UAW Board Backs Draft Ford Pact

But Local Leaders Are Cautious on Outcome of Worker Vote

DETROIT — The international executive board of the United Auto Workers has uoanimously approved the tentative agreement with Ford Motor that will result in wage and benefit concessions by workers in return for assurances of

increased job security.

The endorsement Sunday by the 26-member board is the first step toward ratification of a new contract. The agreement will be presented to local union leaders meeting in Chicago on Wednesday and, if approved, will be sent on to the rank and file for voting. Some local union leaders are

already predicting a close vote.

One stumbling block could be the 55,000 workers indefinitely laid off who also are entitled to vote. Union negotiators said they were unable to do much for them in the agreement, especially those whose plants have been closed. There are 105,000 still at work.

The tentative agreement was reached Saturday night after two weeks of negotiations.

Philip Caldwell, chairman of Ford, said Sunday, "The agreement should provide our employees with a new level of job security and be the catalyst for restoring the company's

The union's president, Donglas A. Fraser, said, "We have started down a new road. We have reached the point in the auto industry that workers will be treated in a more humane

way in recessions than they have in the past."

He said be was confident that Ford workers would approve the contract, despite the loss of holidays, annual raises and deferred cost of living increases. Referring to the rank-and-file opposition that led to the breakdown of talks last month with General Motors, Mr. Fraser said: "The opposition is not as intense as at GM. The artitude at Ford is different. They've gone through a different experience."

"There are a lot of wary people" at his plant, he said.
"They [union officials] are going to have to do a lot of

explaining and convincing at most plants. My guess is that it's gonna be awful close and may even go down to defeat."

Ron Spradlin, UAW local president in Tulsa, Okla., said in talking with local autoworkers he found "the people, the greatest majority, were pretty well pleased with what our egotiators had done."

Much of the initial reaction from union members was expected Monday when the Skilled Trades Council began a meeting in Detroit, Mr. Fraser is to address the group Tues-

Mr. Fraser said he was unable to say how many jobs the new contract would save, but added, "certainly it should lend stability to the industry." He pointed to a provision calling for a limited moratorium over two years oo plant closings caused by subcootracting work to foreign or conunion shops and said "It's oo secret the Ford Motor Co. was contemplating closing a number of plants."

Ford, which said it lost more than \$1 billion in 1981, would benefit from lower labor costs, while the union would gain a greater voice in management's production decisions and increased income security for its members.

Neither side would say precisely how much the agreement might cost workers and save the company, although Mr. Fraser said it could be as much as \$1 billion over the term

However, the Associated Press calculated that, based on 1981 production figures, Ford could save oearly \$581.2 million a year in labor costs.

Analysts suggest Ford's savings amount to \$3 per manhour. They cautioned that the overall savings estimate assumed Ford would build the same oumber of cars and trucks each year as in the depressed 1981 sales year. The agreement was meant to make the company more competi-tive so it can boost production and sales and if production increased, the potential savings also would increase.

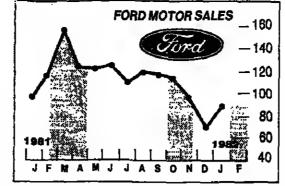


Chart shows monthly new-car sales in thousands. Shaded areas represent when rebates were offered.

The agreement represents the first time the union has agreed to give up previously negotiated wages and benefits to assist an automobile company. It also contains novel provisions that benefit union members, including a guaranteed income until retirement for workers who are laid off after at least 15 years on the job.

lo return for the assured income and limits on plant closings and layoffs, production workers will give up annual pay increases for two and a half years and six days of paid time off and will defer cost of living increases. There will also be an experimental plant program where most workers will have "an equivalent of lifetime employment."

The oew agreement would run to Sept. 14, 1984, superseding the current contract, which is due to expire on Sept. 14. The company agreed to reopen the contract any time after Dec. 31 if U.S. car and truck sales top 1,925,000 units for any six-month period.

Peter J. Pestillo, Ford's vice president for labor relations. said one of the most important features of the agreement was that it would guarantee the company labor peace while it introduced a broad range of new products.

U.S. Bank Taken Over After Failure

NEW YORK - The U.S. banking industry has suffered its largest failure for more than three years with a commercial bank in Florida announcing that it could not repay

THE RESERVE TO SERVED AND A SERVED AS A SE

Metropolitan Bank and Trust Company of Tampa, Florida, said over the weekeod that it would have to cease operating because it was unable to repay \$51 million in sbort-term debts owed to Atlanta Federal Reserve Bank, lender of last resort to the banking industry in Florida.

However, another Florida bank, the Great American Bank of Tam-

pa, said it would buy the failed Metropolitan Bank for \$18.3 mil-

The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, a government agency which insures the bank deposits of individuals up to \$100,000, said in approving the takeover that the Tampa bank would assume responsibility for about \$175 million worth of Metropolitan's deposits and other liabilities.

The failure of Metropolitan Bank, which said it will report a \$17.4 million loss for 1981, is the largest for a commercial bank since 1978, when Drovers National Bank closed in Chicago.

PORTINAX DEVELOPMENT LIMITED Bid: U.S. \$2.20. Asked: U.S. \$2.50. As of date: February 15, 1982. J. STROEVE & CO. (Est. 1818) Members Amsterdam Stock Exchange Kerkstraat 363 - 1017 HW Amsterdam The Natherlands Tel.: 243075 - Telex: 16396

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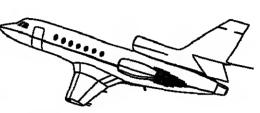
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Unctad Seeks Aid For Third World On Commodities

GENEVA — A committee of the UN Commission on Trade and Development has called on governments to negotiate further in-ternational commodity agreements to assist developing countries counter a massive drop from com-

modities earnings. The 100-member committee, ending two weeks of talks, also asked member countries to speed up ratification of the UN agreement setting up a fund aimed at financing buffer stocks to stabilize prices for raw materials.

The committee was told that Third World current account deficits this year would be even higher than last year's record \$100 billion and could reach \$186 billion dur-

ing the decade.
In a final statement, the committee said falling prices for com-modities, which last year bit their lowest level in inflation-adjusted terms since 1960, were also accompanied by higher prices for im-ports by developing countries. It requested further studies on a complementary financing facility that would compensate such countries for declines in commodities earnings,

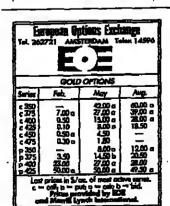
Canadian Indexes

Feb. 15, 1982 1,463.50

Paris Commodities

European Gold Markets

Gold Options (prices in \$/ex.) Valeurs White Weld S.A. Quai du Mont-Blanc 11 Genera 1, Switzerland 2 310251 - Telex 28305



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MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. (CDR'e)

The undersigned announces that the 74th Ordinary General Meeting of shareholders will be field in Kadoma City, Osaka Prefecture in Japan on February 19th, 1982. A notice of the meeting of Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. will be available in Anssterdam at Pictson, Heldring & Pierson N.V., Algemene Bank Nederland N.V., Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank N.V., Bank Moce & Hope NV. Bank Moce & Hope NV,

AMSTERDAM DEPOSITARY COMPANY N.V. terdam, 9th February 1962.

Banker Sees East Bloc Markets Shrinking

COPENHAGEN — Economic countries is undergoing a revision, developments in Poland and other East bloc countries will make it in reluctant to put up guarantees for creasingly hard for exporters to retain their markets in that part of the world, a leading Danish banker

warned Monday. face the fact that efforts must be concentrated on other markets for at least a number of years," said Torben Jantzen of Den Danske

Bank's foreign department. Writing in the bank's monthly information bulletin, Mr. Jantzen said the whole concept of the

Paris Bourse to Requote Nationalized Companies

PARIS - Shares and convertible boods of newly nationalized Prench companies will be requoted on the Paris Bourse Thursday in their new form of compensation rights and bonds exchangeable for compensation rights, the stockbrokers' assocation said Monday.

The Ministry of Finance said exchange of the rights into stateguaranteed compensatory bonds commences in April, and the government will pay interest backdat-ed to Jan. 1, 1982.

London Metals Market (Figures in sterting per metric ton) (Silver in pence per tray ounce) Feb. 15, 1792 Today Bid Asked

creditworthiness of the Comecon countries is undergoing a revision, with Western banks increasingly exports to these countries, possibly excepting the Soviet Union.

The Danish banker also warned against reliance on the so-called "umbrella" theory — that the Sovi-"The question is whether firms "umbrella" theory — that the Soviactive in these markets will have to et Union will prop up any Comecon country running into economic difficulties.

COMPANY REPORT

Revenue and profits, in millions, are in local

Japan				
Toyota Motor				
1st Half	1981	1988		
Revenue	1.87 T	1,66 T		
Profits	66,420.	57,220.		
T:trillion.				

Peb. 15, 1982 SUGAR
Mari 178.25 175.80 178.40 178.50 175.85 174.80
Movy 181.20 179.01 180.40 189.50 175.85 174.80
Auto 194.00 180.20 180.70 180.80 180.70 180.80
Auto 194.00 180.70 180. 1,227 1,210 1,213 1,215 1,217 1,219 1,320 1,720 1,731 1,132

"Today a question mark must be put on this thesis," be said. According to Mr. Jantzen's anal-

ysis, the economic slump in the Western world is aggravating the situation because it curbs the East bloc's ability to boost foreign currency revenue.

He predicted a postponement of many planned projects in the Comecon countries, and he also foresaw that these countries will have to restrict even tradioonal exports to the West. For Denmark alone, exports to

the Comecon countries and Yugo-slavia dropped from 2.7 percent of total exports in 1980 to 2.2 percent in 1981, the analysis showed, and Mr. Jantzen saw oo improvement in any near future.

Yen's Weakening **Worries Officials**

(Continued from Page 7) government economist, said. "yet

you are blaming Japan."

Despite the January trade figures showing increases in the sur-pluses with the EEC and the United States, there is some evidence that Japanese exports may be lev-eling off. Letters of credit for ex-ports declined in January for the first time in six years, the Bank of Japan reported. Export letters of credit are used in financing international trade.

But speaking of the the recent slippage of the yen, one Japanese trade official, who asked out to be identified, said, "If the yen remains weak, it just adds to our dif-ficulties."

Eurocurrency Interest Rates

Dollar D-Mark Frenc 1 M. 16 % - 16 % 10 14 - 10 % 7 % - 7 % 2 M. 16 % - 16 % 10 14 - 10 % 7 % - 6 ½ 3 M. 16 % - 16 % 10 % - 10 % 9 % - 6 ½ 6 M. 16 % - 16 % 10 % - 10 % 8 % - 6 % 1 Y. 16 % - 16 % 10 % - 10 % 8 % - 8 % 1 Y. 16 % - 16 % 10 % - 10 % 8 % - 8 %

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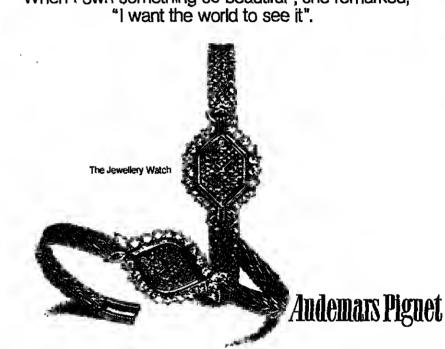
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"When I own something so beautiful", she remarked, "I want the world to see it".



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ISN'T THAT GREAT?

WHAT'S SO GREAT

ABOUT THAT?

DORIS PASTERNAK once said that the good thing about being a writer is that "although the artist will die, the happiness of living which he has experienced is immortal; captured in a personal and yet universal form, it can actually be re-lived by others through his work." Reading this bitter, honest biography by Australian novelist Patrick White, the reader finds very little happiness of living. Instead we experience with White all the bad food, bouncing buses, stuffy rooms, maitunctioning toilets and exasperating people that apparently fill his world. Even winning the Nobel Prize for literature is, as White describes it, a tiresome inconvenience about on a pay with lock.

Patrick White

out complete solitude he couldn't write. "Sexual ambivalence helped drive me in on myself," he writes. "Lacking flamboyance, cursed with reserve, I chose fiction, or more likely reserve, and the means of

it was chosen for me, as the means of introducing to a disbelieving audience the cast of contradictory characters of

which I am composed."

From White's autobiography it would seem that there are only a few

people in the world be can stand to be

around. "I tell myself I must not hate human beings," he writes. "I try to conjure up a vision of an actual land-scape and the inhabitants to whom it

belongs. But it is hard for visions to

survive in the plastic present, as mas-

cara trickles from smeared eyes and

blown-up lips garge themselves on mass-produced food. There comes a moment when a stream of semi-di-

gested eggplant, mincemeat and toma-to is vomited across the screen of

Absorbing Novels But "Flaws in the Glass" shouldn't

keep readers away from his novels

and stories. "A Fringe of Leaves" and "Voss" are, in particular, absorbing reading. Both are historical novels about literal rather than psychological

In one rare interview White said of "The Tree of Man," his first international success, "Life in Australia seems to be for many people pretty deadly dull. I have tried to convey a

splendour, a transcendence, which is

also here above human realities." In "Voss" he writes, "The blowfly on its bed of offal is but a variation of the

gives us the offal and the fly without

view of human nature. White still considers people worth writing about, if not worth being with. He says that, though he never reads his books once

he has corrected the proof, "If for

some specific reason I have to open one and glance at a paragraph or two, I am struck by an element which must have got into them while I was under

hypnosis. On one level certainly there

is a recognizable collage of personal

experience, on another, little of the self I know."

comes from White's early memory of a streaky gilded mirror in an English

drawing room and suggests that any effort at representation is likely to dis-

tort the truth. There is truth missing

in this self-portrait of a seemingly bit-

ter, caustic, uncharitable man. As well

The title, "Flaws in the Glass,"

Despite this apparently miserable

TRINDOW." IN IUS BUILDO

the rainbow.

memory in a sour splurge."

ing your keys in the car in a rain-

to discuss if he spent time chatting about them. Expectant and curious readers will learn that White is a homosexual, that he was born in London in 1912 to prosperous landed Australians; that he was sent back to England to school and to study modem languages at Cambridge. Of his parents he writes with scorn: "I resented their capacity for boring me. and my mother's relentless determination to do everything for my own good, which included dumping me in prison of a school on the other side of the world." White's satisfaction in later life comes from a 40-year rela-tionship with a Greek man, Manoly Lascaris, whom he met during World War II; from his work; and from a strong, though ill-defined, religious striving.

the book is hard going. With arrogant disregard for chronology, and for the formality of introducing the people he mentions, and with his twisting sentence rhythms and dense imagery, White seems to be trying to repel th reader as much as he does the journalists and thesis writers who pursue

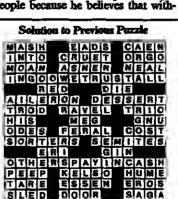
White begins with himself, "the green, sickly boy, who saw and knew too much," and going to boarding school, which he hated. In English school he was reminded "of the deforming I corried tround on my Austramity I carried round - my Australian-ness." Only after a description of drifting around London and New York during World War II does the story become easy to follow. Because we know the external sequence of events here we can appreciate White's vivid descriptions of London in the Blitz, suffering under "a sinister pattering of metal rain," or "silken, boring Alexandria, pinned between

the desert and the sea, with no outlet but adultery and bridge."

As a Royal Air Force intelligence officer, White had to go through the pockets of shot-down enemy airmen for maps, letters and diaries. Another intelligence duty that was fine training for a future novelist was to consor the letters British soldiers wrote home. "It seemed as though the scruffy, crumpled letters left in my tray, to-

"grotesque cavalcade."

White's misanthropy does not exclude his readers. He writes: "I saw the Parthenon as the symbol of everything I or any other solitary artist as-pired to before we were brought down into the sewage and plastic of the late 20th century. Don't despair, however,



The result of these exchanges was an overtrick for the declarer and an interesting post-mortem. "Don't you know that quoens al-

pened, but wanted to tease his part-

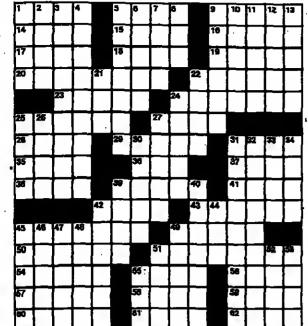
sponse. "And queens always bear jerks." NORTH

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Edited by Eugene T. Maleska



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17 A cheese center 18 -- of passage 19 Footing for Fabius 20 Mangle

22 Give goods for 23 An exercise for Rubinstein 24 Made of baked

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FIFTY-EIGHT YEARS

THE POLITICIAN'S OATH:



SO CAN I HAVE THE

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THAT'S STRANGE ... I

THOUGHT I JUST

HEARD SOMEONE ASH

FOR THE AFTERNOON

OF∓



WHENEVER I ASK A

REALLY STUPID QUESTION

HE GIVES ME A

CHANCE TO

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BEETHOVEN!

"NEVER PUT OFF UNTIL TOMORROW WHAT YOU CAN PUT OFF UNTIL THE NEXT GESSION OF CONGRESS.

















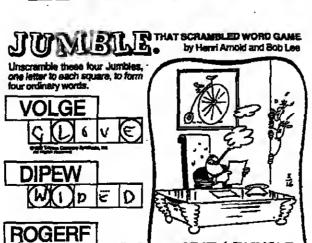






DENNIS THE MENACE





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Viking, 625 Madison Ave., New York 10022 Reviewed by Constance Casey

convenience about on a par with lock-

storm. Since winning the prize in 1973, White has guarded his privacy. He shuns interviewers, saying there would be no life and work of Patrick White

Whippings There is plenty of material in the book for the future biographer, espe-cially one with a psychological bent. White's "small and mild" father left whippings to his mother "whose tech-nique with a riding crop was formida-ble." For the general reader, however,

gether with the letters to and from Manoly, were my only connection with real life."

Blenk Vision In the section on the war. White's bleak vision is in harmony with his subject. His dismal view becomes tiresome however as the story line dis-solves into notes on his travels with Manoly in Turkey and Greece and on friends and enemies in Australia. It is irritating when every wound is "sup-parating," every meal "tepid and oily," every icon "worm-eaten," every saint's face "pimpled scrofulous," and fellow travelers compose a

any of you who have continued read-ing, it is possible to recycle s—." Perhaps White attempts to repel

as contributing generously to aborigi-nal schools, and establishing an award for unrecognized Australian writers with the money from the Nobel prize, Patrick White has given the world his Constance Casey, senior editor of the San Francisco Review of Books, wrote this review for The Washington Post's

Wagner 'Ring' in Seattle

United Press International SEATTLE --- The Seattle Opera's eighth annual Wagner Festival will feature complete performances of "The Ring of the Niebelungs." The German cycle will be given July 24, 25, 27 and 29, and the English cycle Aug. 1, 2, 4 and 6.

N the diagramed deal, East defend-ed three no-trump after a rapid auction. North's raise of one notrump to game was justified by his club suit, which promised to produce five or six tricks.

The opening lead of the spade deuce was taken by the ace, and the nine was returned. South ducked, and won the third round when West took his jack and persevered with the suit. It would seem that a simple duck-

ing play in clubs would produce enough tricks. Accordingly, South led the club jack and played low in dummy, hoping for a normal three-two But a strange thing happened: the

jack won the trick. East had set an ingenious trap by dropping the ten without hesitation. To almost all declarers this would

indicate that East had begun with a singleton ten. They would finesse the nine on the next round, and go down to defeat with applause due to East. But the player sitting South was either foolish or brilliant. Either because she did not notice the ten or because she gave East credit for superb defensive play, she continued by taking the ace and king. _By Alan Truscott

ways beat jacks," demanded West, who knew exactly what had hap-"Indeed I do," was the mournful re-

4.496 VK10743 **\$186 ♣**Q10 SOUTH (D)

The bidding: South IN.T. 3 N.T. West led the spade two

people because he believes that with-

Allison Takes Daytona

By Dave Kindred Washington Post Service
DAYTONA BEACH, Fla. —

Running off by himself, Bohby Allison wen the Daytona 500 so easily Sunday that the losers were left moaning about how much the nobrain son-of-a-gasket cheated.

Only the third driver in 24 years to win stock car racing's premier event a second time, Allison finished a mile ahead of Cale Yarborough, averaging 153.991 mph. He led 147 of 200 laps. So serendipitous was Allison's day that he avoided a spinout on the fourth lap (when his bumper fell off), snaked through the smoke eloud of an accident on lap 106 and coaxed 100 miles from his last tank of gas

when others' went dry at 90 miles. The familiar gnashing of good of boys' teeth was heard in every turn of Daytona International

"A cheap way to win," said Yar-borough's crew chief, Tim Brewer, "Nothing but a lack of brains," Yarborough said of Allison's fourth-lap move in front of him. Allison dismissed it all as "just a

racing comment," saying he'd heard it all before — and probably had said it himself somewhere. What the losers said, without really saying it, was: That no-good chiseling Allison beat us again, first by practically cracking us up with that breakaway rear bumper trick and then by somehow squeezmg an extra two gallons into his

gas illegal tank An easy victory at Daytona is the stuff of back-stabbing grouch-

Biggles Out Early

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1200

31

.

The big shots all were eliminated early. Dale Earnhardt's engine died on lap 47; Richard Petty, Benny Parsons and Neil Bonnett went out on a fender-bender accident in lap 106 and Darrell Wal-trip parked it 45 laps later, his engine blown apart.

gine blown apart.

With 100 miles to go on Daytona's 2½-mile high-banked trioval, the estimated 110,000 spectators knew Allison would win. Even running alone (the slowest way to get around here, where cars go faster bumper-to-bumper), Allison steadily increased his lead over Joe Ruttman.

Allisoo twice had extricated himself from major scrapes. On the fourth lap, he passed Yarborough and pulled in front of him. Their cars touched, Allison's rear bumper flew off, bouncing down the road and causing a fivecar spinout. No one was injured.

"It almost spun me into the wall," Allison said, but he kept on a straight course and was the lead-er oo lap 106 when a car blew up in front of him. In that pileup, Petty sprained his right ankle and Tighe Scott suffered a concussion.

Yarborough described how Allison pulled in front of him on lap 4: "He ran all over me, like it was the last lap of the race. He got under me and carried me straight up into the wall....lt didn't take-much of a lick to knock that bumper off, did it? It came off from barely touching me, and it U.S. Indoor Final shouldn't have."

As for Allisoo's going 100 miles oo a last tank (Yarborough ran out after 92 miles, losing any chance to win) Yarborough said, "He pitted two laps before me and ran five

miles farther. "I'd like to see how he did it."

Research

Yarhorough's crew chief, Brewer: "That bumper should have withstood a hell of a lot more shock than that It's awful funny it came off with no more impact than a little tap.... You take the rear humper off a car and it picks up more speed.

"Look at that rear end. There wasn't so much as a bumper bracket left." Not only will the car go faster, Brewer said, "the bleed-off factor

is better," meaning improved gas

Well, now. Posing as the affront-



Transactions

American Lengue
CHICAGO SOX—Signed Teny Ber
Pele Mockenin and Steve Dillard, Info
and Deve Richards, cutcher.

U.S. College Basketball SELECTED SUNDAY RESULTS

EAST Pennsylvonia 79, Horvard 42 Pittsbursh 49, Duquesne of Princelon 59, Dartmouth 45 SOUTH North Carolina 44, Georgia 57

ed party, Brewer was asked how he knew such things. "You always re-search your ideas," he said, trying not to grin.

As it happens, Brewer later admitted he had tested Yarborough's car without the rear bumper. Faster, better mileage.

Allisoo admitted afterward that he had played around with the bumper — so much so that inspec-tors, acting on drivers' complaints, had forced Allison to move the humper closer to the trunk.

"I'll show you where the welds were broken," said Allison's crew chief, Gary Nelson. "There's no way I'd ever put something on a race car with the intent it would

"All I know," Allison said of the bumper brouhaha, "is that when Tim was with Cale, they won at Dover with the rear bumper off the race car and, I think, they won at Talladega with the bumper off the race car, and neither time did I feel they left the pits with the intention of the bumper falling off." Brewer filed no protest.

As for the fuel consumption, Allison's engine man, Robert Yates, said, "We had it figured. We told Bobby to take it easy, because everybody else was running out. But with that lead, we could have run out on the last lap and coasted in."



Tighe Scott was lifted from the wreckage after his car joined a 106th-lap pileup at Daytona. Scott suffered a mild concussion.

Title on Line, Leonard Eyes Future

By James Tuite

New York Times Service RENO — "Reno," said Sugar Ray Leonard Sunday evening, "is oot a place for gambling. It's a place for love and fights." He was speaking about 24 hours before his fight with Bruce Finch, Leonard's first defense of the world wel-terweight championship he won by stopping Thomas Hearns last Sep-

There were few who would dis-pute his cozy philosophy, especial-ly where this scheduled 15-round bout is concerned. The consensus here is that it will turn out to be more of a love match than a box-. I've gotten through the top con-

Finch, who holds the North American Federation welterweight

championship, was content to say, "I'll do my talking in the ring." Leonard stood to earn about \$1.5 million Monday night, but admittedly is looking past Finch to even bigger paydays — against middleweight champion Marvin Hagler and perhaps World Boxing Council lightweight champion Alexis Arguello. Alexis Arguello.

Leonard also said: "Now that

benefit in the system, in which a

person straps on ankle boots with

hooked clamps and hangs head-

first from any sufficiently high

"Many of our lifters use it after

utilize this same gravitational force

to effect the opposite, namely de-

compression," writes Roberts in his book, "The Gravity Guiding

tion on gravity inversion, hut some

doctors say the system should be viewed "with reservation."

"It's useful if you are young and in good shape," said Dr. Juilius Dintenfass, a New York chiroprac-

life, or are older, have vascular

rehabilioon who treated President

"But I've found that hanging has all the benefits of a headstand [a

primary position in yoga relaxa-

tion] without the pressure on the bead and neck."

When Becker and friends began hanging, they found the best place to do it was from the horizontal basketball backboard supports in

city parks and school playgrounds.
"We used to go out early in the
morning, before the kids came to
school," be said. "Many people
would see us as they walked to

work. Most thought we were crazy,

but at least one would stop and say, 'I've got to try this.'

WALES CONFERENCE

If you lead a more sedentary

horizontal bar.

'Gravity Inversion' System: New Way to Hang In There who take a lot of hammering on

The Associated Press NEW YORK — Some athletes the lower back especially like it."
Weightlifters, too, have found are finding a new way to ease the weight of the world. They're strapping themselves into ankle boots and hanging upside down. The practice is called "gravity

"Many of our players use the inversion system to relax" said Ray Melchiorre, head trainer for the National Basketball Associa-tion Boston Celtics. "The big guys

Kriek, in 3 Sets, The system was devised by Dr. Martin Roberts, 72, an orthopedist Upsets McEnroe in who says he haugs several times a day. There is to hetter way to counteract or ocutralize the com-

MEMPHIS - Johan Krick of South Africa, ranked 16th worldwide, upset top-rated John McEn-roe, 6-3, 3-6, 6-4, here Sunday to win the U.S. National Indoor ten-

Krick had three aces in the deci-sive game of the first set. He took a 3-1 second-set lead, but McEnroe pulled even by breaking serve in the sixth game and ran out the set by winning 14 of the next 15

Krick double-faulted four times in the first game of the final set, but hroke back in the fourth — McEnroe double-faulting on game

In the match's final game, Krick's forchand passing shot and a double-fault had McEnroe down, love-30; Krick slammed another winner before hitting a volley that dropped limply off McEnroe's racket.

Levi's Closing 70 Wins Hawaii Golf By 1-Shot Margin

The Associated Press
HONOLULU — Wayne Levi,
playing steadily while his challengers collapsed, shot a 2-underpar 70 Sunday to win the
Hawaiian Open golf tournament
by one stroke. by one stroke.

Levi, 28, captured the third title of his six-year pro career with an 11-under 277 total. Having started the final round tied for the lead with Andy North, Levi took com-mand with a six-foot eagle putt on

the ninth hole.

North, Ben Crenshaw, Bobby Clampett, Chip Beck and Scott Simpson all made bids. All but Simpson — who was second at 278 after a 3-under-par 69 — faded. Crenshaw had a lost-ball triple bogey, Clampett an out-of-bounds double bogey, Beck a decisive bogey on the 16th and North bogeyed the 15th, 16th and 17th. Beck's 68 gave him a 279. Crenshaw, North and Clampett tied at 280. Tom Watson, two strokes back after three rounds, blew to a 76 and finished at 285.

CLEVELAND-Signed John D nthree-year contract. DETROIT—Signed Jerry Turner, outfielder. NEW YORK—Signed Tammy John, pitcher, to

CHICAGO—Stoned Dick Tidraw, officher, to a three-war confront, MONTREAL—Signed outfleiders Tarry Francesa and Pat Roosey, infletiers Wolface Johnson, Brod Mills, Milas Cates and Dave Hosheiter, cotchers Tom Wilesheus and Ten Gormon and offichers Bryn Smith, Bill Soffier, the heart and left Turkey. Beb James and Jell Taylor

ing match. Leonard could hardly repress a smile as be predicted the fight's ending: "I will knock him out in four rounds, and that's it," tenders, I'm going to give the others a chance. I'll give any deserving challenger an opportunity for the otle."

Finch can't see anything but Leonard, who would be a 10-1 favorite or better if gamblers were touching the bout. Finch was beaten as an amateur by Leonard and dispatched in two rounds by Hearns, who was stopped by Leonard in 14 rounds last Sept. 16.

Tough Work, No Pay

"I'm a better fighter today than I was when Leonard beat me as an amateur," said Finch, who has won his last 11 fights and is 30-3-1 as a pro. The amateur bout, which Leonard doesn't remember, was in 1973. Finch turned pro later that year "because 1 was getting too many hlack eyes without getting paid for them." That was three

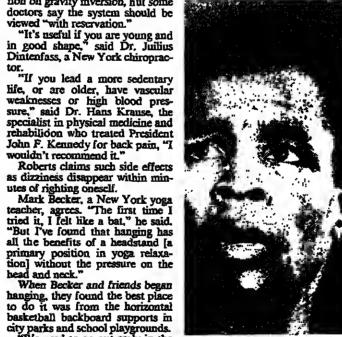
years before Leonard won his Olympie medal. Fineh credits Al Davis, his train-er, with the reversal of form. Six of his 24 knockouts were scored under Davis' tutelege. "A fighter is no better than his jab," said Davis, "and that's what 1 had to work on. He needed a lot of work when I took him over, hot he has come on really fast in the last year or so."

workouts, to warm down the mus-cles and decompress the spine," said Harvey Newton, coach of the U.S. Olympic weightlifting team in Colorado Springs, Colo. "Nobody has to tell me that this Finch. "But Leonard is thinking of winning this championship and that championship; I'm thinking only of winning the welterweight

championship.
"Sugar Ray's been doing a lot of talking and making a lot of public appearances and taking things easy," said Finch. "All this time, pressive effect of gravity than to

At a press gathering, Leonard was asked to name his favorite fighter. He responded, "You mean outside of me? Bruce Finch, of

The system is not widely used by Finch, whose Monday-night paycheck will be about \$100,000, by doctors or therapists. Neither the American Medical Association smiled ohligingly. oor the American Chiropractic Association have taken a formal posi-



... Four rounds, and that's it.

NBA Standings

NHL Standings 36 14 223 22 29 ATI 22 29 ATI 17 28 A64 19 TI 389 11 27 223 27 21 9 211 279 43 21 27 10 214 244 52 14 33 9 220 245 41 ta Division 33 11 12 247 143 78 22 16 8 223 196 72 30 18 9 223 191 49 27 22 10 223 246 44 16 26 14 186 229 44 WESTERN COMPERENCE ONY-ELECT W L Pet. GB 27 17 463 — 27 22 551 5 26 20 551 6 16 32 327 16 16 32 327 16 #80 #67 \$51 \$52 #88 20 EVISION 200 270 87 21 12 13 224 224 55 22 13 20 20 20 52 15 30 13 222 277 42 13 36 7 177 222 25 Caloreda 13 26 9 177 242 25 Sunday's Resolds N.Y. Rongers S. Guebec 2 (Dore (3), Regera (25), Vickers (7s. Ruotesiainen (11), Duguey (30); P. Stesimy (35), Percer (161). Edmonton 2 Boston 2 (Anderson (26), Lamley (25); Caspar (13), Pork (111). Caloredo S. Woshinston 3 | Frusier | 18), Melinovyki 2 1131. Broten (7), Cameron 19); Manuk 2 (46), Carpenter (191). N.Y. Istanders 9, Hortford 1 (Gillies 2 (26), Trottler 2 (37), B. Sutter 2 (12), D. Sutter (15), Bossy 2 (43); Stoughton (40)1. Philosobski 4 (4 for Anselse 4 (Flockhorf 2 (27), Propo 2 (35), Sinissio (7), Wilson (10); Simmer | 18), Murphy (16), Dionne (37), Teylor (301). Dollos 11 L New Jersey 109 (Vincent) 26, Cooper 22; Elmarte 25, R. Williams 17), Philodelphia 117, New York 165 [Ervina, Toney 25, Cheeks 17; Newlin 23, Lucus 19). All woulke 125, Clevelpad 97 (Ma. Johnson 26, Buckner, Mancriel 15; Cart 22, Brewer 15). Boston 104, Les anneses 103 [Macwell 27, Parish 22; William 22, Abdul-Johbor 21]. San Antonio 114, Sentite 94 [Oliberdine 25, Corzine 25; Sikone 22, Brewn 19]. Golden State 103, Kooses City 93 (Shert 24, Corroll, Free 18; 5, Johnson, Robinson 13, Drew 12).

The Woof and Warp of Sunbelt State

By George Vecsey
New York Times Service

NEW YORK — Just when it seemed that major college sports could oot become more sordid, a new scandal has erupted involving drugs, sex, illegal payments, the forging of grades, unauthorized meals and favoritism from teachers at Sunbelt State University.

Perhaps the greatest violation of all was the granting of degrees to nearly 25 percent of all participants in Sunbelt State's newest varsity sport — dog racing.

None of these abuses would have become public knowledge except

for a dog named Max.

Squaring the Circles

Like some college athletes who struggle for an education despite the obstacles of their full-time jobs in the athletic department. Max knew there was more to life than running in circles.

The tale of flea-collar crime stems from Sunbelt State's rapid rise

in the football and basketball rankings.

Founded in 1971, the school had a booster club before it was accredited and hired a football coach before it hired a school presi-

The school motto, in Latin, is "We're Number One." At first, the main incenove for being No. 1 was to be better than Cactus Tech, whose academic slogan is "Thank God for Sumbelt

Their intercollegiate rivalry became even more intense than the enmity between UCLA and Southern Cal, which live in constant dread that the other will be the first to acquire ouclear arms, and between Florida and Florida State, which make all graduates swear they will never form marriages, business partnerships or golf outings with anybody from the hated rival.

Since Cactus Tech is a few years older than Sunbelt, the younger school has always felt the oeed to overcompensate.

Io recent years, Sunbelt State constructed a complex of a 20.000-seat basketball arena, a 120,000-seat football stadium and a 10,000-

seat baseball stadium. Somebody at Cacrus labeled it "The Inferiority Complex.'

Sunbelt State's president affirmed the importance of sports in his annual address to freshmen: "Football is what makes us a family. In our later years, we will remember the long caravans to Notre Dame and Alabama -



Varsity material? Weekends, lavish meals and spaying operations.

crammed inside a Winnebago, beer cans rattling on the floor — even more than we remember, . . . uhhh, . . . "

His wife, sitting beside him, prompted: "Classes. Books. Ideas."

After Sunbelt State defeated Cactus Tech in football, its boosters became obsessed with heing No. 1 in the nation, year after year.

Most of the boosters had not attended Sunbelt or any other college, but they liked associating their money and excess energy with

something as dignified as college sports.

They soon discovered it was not easy being No. 1 in football, considering the gigantic football programs at 50 other colleges.

It was even tougher in basketball, because any dinky college with a

lenient admissions office could dream of reaching the National Collegiate Athletic Association's Final Four.

Trying to compete with all these other ambitious schools, Sunbelt was rapidly going broke. The head of its booster club (The Sun Spots) called an emergency meeting and said: "It gets expensive buying meat for football players and extra-long beds for basketball players. We need a new varsity sport that will make money but not cost

Another booster asked: "What about a dog track? They're very popular in this region. It would bring more people onto campus and

give us something to do between games."

The faculty adviser to the athletic department, who received six free tickets to every game, said: "A dog track is a good idea, but we

might get into trouble if we just use the dogs for gambling.
"We've got to make them seem part of the college community, the way we do with our football and basketball employees."

With the help of some friendly deans and the passing around of more season tickets, it was agreed that dog racing would be considered as intercollegiate sport. ered an intercollegiate sport.

NCAA Tunes In

The school assured everyone that dog racing was certified by the NCAA, which was too busy investogating a basketball point-shaving scandal up North to notice. The only contact from the NCAA was a letter inquiring if there

was any possibility of a televisioo package for dog races.

Before long, all the abuses endemic to other colleges began popping up at Sumbelt. Even without proper test scores, the dogs were

istered as students. It looked a little strange to see Rover VII and Bowser's Boy on the computerized class lists, but teachers had long since learned not to

ask too many questions. Since the dogs needed passing grades to remain eligible, teachers began inserting answers inside test booklets and special "tutors" would copy the answers in five minutes.

One wealthy booster started by passing out biscuits; before long he was taking the dogs bome for weekends, giving them lavish meals, arranging for spaying operations and buying them expensive

Sweaters.

Sometimes if the dogs complained of feeling a little sluggish before a big race, he slipped them a green biscuit. One dog caught up with the mechanical rabbit after one too many greenies and was put on ...

probation until the next marking period.

But the incident that blew the top off the program was when Max-? discovered French class. Like many big-time sports schools, Sunbelt does not encourage athletes to take difficult courses during their first. five years on campus because a biology lab or term paper could interfere with weight-lifting or steroid-ingesting or play-memorizing.

At Sunbelt, football players lived in their own dormitory, with a manufacture of the state of the state

Basketball players had a separate huilding with tall ceilings.

The dogs had their kennel. Every graduation, some of the scholarathletes would be chosen by lottery to receive a degree.

. Music to His Fars

That wasn't enough for Max. One day between races Max, who was wrapped in a varsity "S" sweater, wandered away from the ken. nel and trotted into the language building. Curled in a corner of a classroom, Max heard humans issuing the most beautiful sounds he had ever heard: nuage, aubergine, brume, tristesse, Honfleur, étoile,

dentelle, Apollinaire, chocolat.

With eyes closed, Max was thinking, "So, this is college," But suddenly the head of the booster cluh grabbed him by the collar and tried to force him back to the kennel to prepare for the next race. Not wanting to leave this new and special place, Max sunk his'

teeth into the booster's hand, sending him to the hospital for a shot.

A ourse who had attended Cactus Tech informed the NCAA, hutthe president of Sunbelt State says no outside investigation is neces-He has appointed a committee that will look into possible isolated

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Sending the Message

problems with everyone's foreign policy these days is that countries have decided to send more and more expensive messages to each other. In bygone years, an ambassador delivered a message to a foreign government in a leather briefcase. The foreign sec-

retary would then call in the ambassador and hand ment's reply. It was all neat and a very him his governcheap way of keeping in touch with each other.

But now the price of messages has gone sky

This is how governments are communicating with each other: The president calls in his secretary of state: "I want to send a message to the Soviet Union that they better stay out of Central America. Give the El Salvador government \$5 million in arms."
"Yes, sir."

Buchwald

A few days later the president calls the secretary, "Have we had a reply to our message to the Soviets?"

"It just came in. The Soviets have delivered 50 MiGs to Cuba, as well as new ground-to-air mis-

"Get off a tough message to Cuba right away. Send a squadron of Huey helicopter gunships to Honduras, and make sure they know we're going to give Guate-mala anything they ask for. Sign my name to them so they know we

mean business. "Right, sir. By the way we just got a message from France. They're supporting the Sandinista regime in Nicaragua by selling them 100 Mirages. What is our re-

ply?" "Give the government of Trinidad two submarines and a missile cruiser to inform Mitterrand we

disapprove of the sale."

A few days later the president is being briefed by his national security adviser, "Libya is protesting our vote in the United Nations on Israel and has sent us a message by

AMERICA CALLING

WASHINGTON — One of the supplying the PLO with Russian-

made heavy artillery."
"What kind of reply do you suggest we send?"

We could give Sudan 200 U.S.-made tanks. I think that would be loud and clear. "I don't think it's strong enough. Why don't we send 100 F-

16s to Egypt?" "Then we would have to give 100 F-18s to Israel."

"Let's do it. That would also be message to Iran. I've been wanting to send them one for some

"Haig has reported that he got nowhere with Gromyko on Po-

land."
"We're going to have to send the
Russians another message. Have
Defense Secretary Weinberger arrange to place 1,000 cruise missiles

in West Germany."
"Is that in response to their message of putting 100 SS-20s in the Warsaw Pact countries?" "I hope they read it that way.

We must get through to them that "What about developing new chemical warfare weapons that would destroy the world? They

might get that message."
"It's worth a try. Tell the Pentagon boys to get on it right away and leak it to the press. Anything

"Did you want to send a message to the People's Republic of China by giving Taiwan a new shipment of planes?"

We better hold off on that for the moment, as China might get the wrong message that we don't need them in the cold war with

"That seems to do it for today. I'll get these messages off right away. Oh, one other thing, sir. Our ambassador in Moscow has just sent a cable that he needs a Cadillac limousine, because the small car we gave him is giving a message to the Russian people that capitalism doesn't work."

"I didn't know we had an ambassador in Moscow?" "We don't use him. But we keep him there just in case you may want him to deliver a message to Why would I want to do that

when there are so many easier ways of communicating with the

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Budgeteer

Alice Rivlin, a 3d Generation Ph.D., Plays Major Role
In Congressional Battles Over Government Spending

and the second s

By Megan Rosenfeld

Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — The congressman, looking down from the dais, put the question to Congressional Budget Office di-rector Alice M. Rivlin directly. "How," asked Rep. William L. Dickinson, an Alabama Republican and ranking minority member of the House Armed Services Committee, "do you assess the impact of your office? Do you feel that people really listen to you?"

Rivlin scated between two male colleagues at the witness table, a loose-leaf notebook of prepared statements on the table, gave a typically circumspect answer: "Yes . . ."

It is budget season in Washington, and Rivlin's office has produced three papers timed to the presentation of the budget and congressional budget hear-ines. For weeks her office has been producing its budget projections, economic forecast and alternative budget strategies, infor-mation Congress will use in de-ciding how to raise and spend the country's money.

Rivlin, 50, has one of the most important jobs in her field in the country. She was appointed in 1975, shortly after the Congressional Budget Office was created, and reappointed four years later. She runs a staff of about 200 with a budget of about \$12 milbon, and seems to have weathered an effort to remove her after Reagan was elected on the ground that she was too liberal.
"I'm not a liberal." she said.
"Maybe that's why I haven't heard anything."

She came to Washington in 1957 with her then-husband, attomey Lewis A. Rivlin, a month-old baby, and an unfinshed dissertation. She quickly found a housekeeper and a Brookings fellowship to the Department of Health. Education and Welfare, co-authored three books and had two more children.

The works have titles like "Setting National Priorities: The 1974 Bndget." "Systematic Thinking and Social Action." "Microanalysis of Socio-economic Systems," "The U.S. Balance of Payments."

She's a small, dark-haired



Rivlin testifying: "It's like studying for exams."

woman. Her mannerisms are quick, darting, almost birdlike. She does not relax easily. Women as successful as Alice

Rivlin often mystify other peo-ple, particularly those who know how hard it is to balance a home and a job, let alone an important career. Surely these rare creatures must be automatons, consumed with ambition, devotees of yoga, or ruthless

person whose career unfolded without any master plan. "I don't think of myself as being aggres-sive, I think of myself as being insecure," she said in an interview last year.

She had to overcome a "super-

mother, trying to be perfect in every way from the PTA to the congressional hearing. "I gradually learned that I can leave dirty dishes in the sink and not make the bed," she said, although a visitor to her Washington home suspects that even the bureau drawers are ready for inspection. She was divorced in 1977 after

22 years of marriage; her his-band has since remarried and has had a child with his second wife. "He's one of my best friends," she said, adding that she likes his

new wife, too.

"I'm enjoying being single. At my age there's a lot of freedom. I enjoy lots of different friends. on cross-country ski trips.

Alice move up the career ladder and maintain her cool," said Renben Zubrow, the professor who taught the summer school course in Bloomington, Ind., but claims no credit for influencing his former pupil.

Bryn Mawr, then to Radcliffe for a master's and a Ph.D. "I'm a third generation Ph.D.," she said, "Doing graduate work in my family was no big deal." Her father, Allan Mitchell, was

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Her sister, Priscilla Boughton, heads the AID mission in New Delhi, Her daughter, Catherine, is currently getting graduate de-grees in both business and law and paying her way through school. One son, who lives with her, is a research assistant at the Brookings Institution and the other is a freshman at the University of California at Santa

Cruz She recalled the days when she was turned down for jobs because she was a woman, but she is less feminist than dogged. "At Harvard certain libraries and courses were closed to women, but nobody fussed about it because that was just the way it was. When the chairman of the department at the University of Maryland told me he'd love to hire me but he couldn't because they didn't hire women. I didn't After Joe Pechman became

head of Brookings, he came into my office and said 'I can't believe what we're paying you.' Evident ly I was getting several thousand dollars less than men with comparable experience and I didn't even know it." Her term of office expires next

January; she says she has not thought about whether or not she wants to stay on. "It would be counterproductive for me to encourage speculation about that now," she said firmly. Rivlin speaks to committees two or three times a week, pre-

pared by briefings from her staff, which is organized into subdivi sions of fiscal, tax and economic forecast analysis, and social, na-tional security and natural re-sources program areas. "It's like studying for exams," she said recently. "Today I knew I would be asked about defense

and the economy, but I didn't know I'd be asked about selling

federal land to make up the national deficit." She enjoys immersing herself in the substance of her work, she said, reading drafts of reports and preparing for testimony.

sort of female Walter Heller," said Zubrow, "He was smooth, not abrasive, not appressive. . . She's a pretty savvy gal."

'Night of 100 Stars' Has PEOPLE: Night of 100 State Line Almost 200 at Radio City

Elizabeth Taylor flubbed a line

shouted insults and stamped their

feet upon learning that soprano Montserrat Caballecouldn't appear, forcing La Scala to cancel a much-awaited performance of "Anna Bolena." A few minutes before curtain time Sunday night, the

theater announced that the Span-

ish singer was "indisposed" and would be replaced by U.S. soprano Ruth Falcon. Theater officials were

unable to calm the protest and had to send home the standing-room-only crowd, which included italian Foreign Minister Emilio Colombo The performance had drawn particular interest because Caballe

was cast in the role in which Maria

Callas had scored a major success

Millionaire industrialist Justin

Dart has rushed a letter to former

President Gerald Ford apologizing

paper interview. The 74-year-old Dart, a close friend of President Reagan and his wife Nancy, made

derogatory comments about Ford

in an interview published in The Los Angeles Times last week. The article described how Dart, riding

on a commercial airliner with an aide, encountered Ford after the

1976 election, in which Ford was

defeated by Jimmy Carter. After chatting with Pord mostly about football and golf. Dart returned to his seat and a few minutes later

told his aide: "Jerry's a nice man,

but he's not very smart. Actually our seatmate is a dumb bastard."

Dart explained that Ford had assured his own defeat by refusing to offer Ronald Reagan the vice presi-dential nomination at the Republi-

can convention in Kansas City,

and added, "As a president, Ford

was pretty much of a nothing. The day after the Times interview was published. Dart sent off a let-

ter to Ford addressed "Dear Mr. President." Part of that letter read;

Our country suffered greatly

when we lost your leadership -

witness interest rates, inflation,

foreign affairs and our national de-

fense. For this very stupid refer-

ence I am sincerely embarrassed,

and to be very honest I am just

for calling him "dumb" in a new

at La Scala in 1957.

and said Queen Victoria celebrated her diamond jubilee in 1997. Liza Minnelli did "New York, New York" backed by a chorus line of seven New York Yankees. And the likes of Al Pacino, James Casu, Roger Moore, Robert De Niro and former New York Mayor John Lindsay high-kicked and sang with Radio City Music Hall's famed Rockettes. The one-night stand featured one of the greatest casts in show business history, assembled for a \$2-million benefit for the Actors' Fund of America. Billed as the "Night of 100 Stars," it wound up featuring nearly 200 celebrities and a 36-piece orchestra. The show lasted 5½ hours and played to a sellout crowd of 5,882 people who paid from \$50 to \$1,000 a seat to see the glittering extravagenza at the Manhattan theater. The program was taped and will be edited to a three-hour telecast scheduled for March 8. The audience remained cheerful The andience remained cheerful during delays between the more than 40 segments, but they occasionally grouned at repeated scenes in which a huge birthday cake commemorating 100 years of the Actors' Fund was rolled on stage and candles on it were lit as Helen and candles on it were little as the little and candles on it were little as the little and candles on it were little as the little and candles on it were little as the little and candles on it were little as the little and candles on it were little as the little and candles on it were little as the little and candles on it were little as the little and candles on it were little as the little and candles on it were little as the little and candles on it were little as the little and candles on it were little as the little and candles on it were little as the little as the little as the little and candles on it were little as the little as Hayes, Princess Grace of Monaco and James Earl Jones ticked off major and minor events in each decade. They chucked apprecia-tively as comedian Alan King jok-ingly noted: "I hope you all live as long as this evening seems to be."
The evening had its high points, though: Miss Plegy in a duet with tenor Placido Domingo; Harry Belafonte singing "Try to Remember"; Dudley Moore on piano, activations of the control of the contro companying pop star Ciristopher Cross on the theme from "Arthur"; and Sammy Davis Jr. sing-ing, "Mr. Bojangles." The audi-ence jumped to its feet, applaud-ing, when an ailing Jimmy Caguey, scated in a chair, was saluted along with other Hollywood superstars with other Hollywood superstars from Gene Kelly to Lillian Gish, who joined him on stage. There also was a glossy fashion show with gowns modeled by Susan Anton, Cher, Gina Lollobrigida and Brooke Shields. President Reagan, a former actor, is to be awarded the fund's special medal of

Actress Charlene Tilton, 22, who reportedly is making \$30,000 a week as Lucy Ewing of the "Dallas" television series, and country

sick about it."

singer Johnny Lee, 36, were married in Stateline, Nev. It was the first marriage for each. They plan to live in the bride's Coldwater cility in Englewood, N.J. Canyon home in Los Angeles after a honeymoon next month in Opera buffs broke into catcalls, Israel.

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